

Corporate Profile



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Annual General Meeting

The tenth Annual General Meeting will be held at 10am, 24 November 2005 at: The Constitutional Centre of Western Australia, Cnr Parliament Place & Havelock Street, West Perth 6005

All shareholders are invited to attend.

Cover photo - Siana massive sulphide ore.

Corporate Profile

Red 5 Limited (ABN 73 068 610) is listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (ticker RED) with over 1,500 shareholders. The largest shareholder is AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited with a 14% interest.

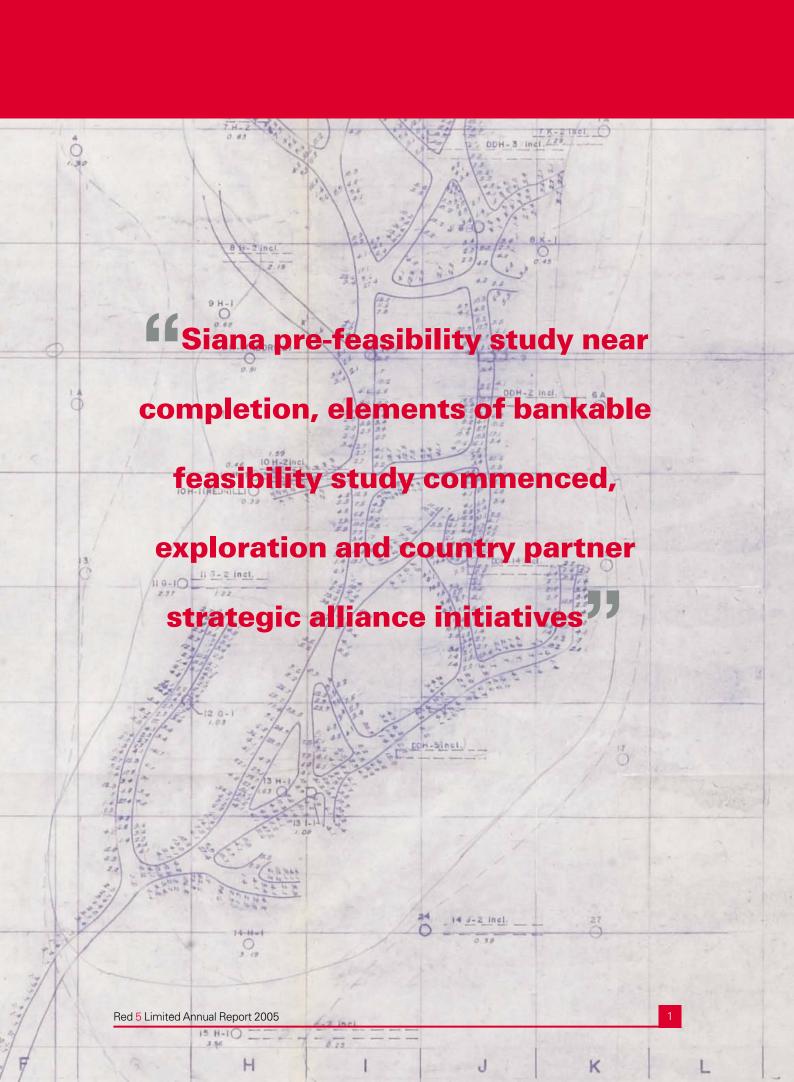
The Company's principal asset is an 90 percent beneficial interest in the Siana Gold Project in the Philippines held under a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement.

A pre-feasibility study this year concluded an open cut mine, and modern gravity and carbon-in-leach treatment plant to be technically viable resulting in high recoveries of gold. The bankable feasibility study is targeted for completion first quarter calendar 2006.

In a strategic alliance, AngloGold Ashanti may joint venture up to three tenement areas, excluding the Siana mine area, to earn an 75 percent interest from Red 5 through staged exploration expenditure on each totalling US\$10.5 million.

Exploration on a copper-gold porphyry discovered on the southern portion of the MPSA is advanced and the subject of ongoing evaluation.





Chairman's Review

Red 5 highlights for the last year include increased beneficial ownership of the Siana project, a new, better credentialed joint venture partner in Merrill Crowe Corporation, a strategic alliance with First Metro of the Philippines and a strategic exploration alliance with AngloGold Ashanti.

These many positives were partially diminished by the on-going frustration of the delay in finalising the pre-feasibility study. Not, I hasten to add, due to project outcome disappointments, but due to continued delays in the supply of services by respected consultant organisations unable to meet timetables, a consequence of a buoyant resources sector competing for a finite pool of professionals.

The Company is more substantial than a year ago, in terms of its financial position and with alliances in exploration and investment banking. The Philippines Government has also clearly demonstrated its genuine desire to promote and facilitate new mining developments within the country. The Board also expanded with the appointment of Mr Peter Rowe, the head of AngloGold Ashanti Australia and the current chairman of the Australian Gold Council.

Strong and meaningful alliances are vital to companies in the early growth and development phase. The strategic exploration alliance with AngloGold Ashanti includes pre-determined arrangements for JVs on three designated areas outside the Siana pit development area.

In particular, the confirmed copper-gold porphyry targets to the immediate south require levels of exploration expenditure beyond the medium term capacity of the Company in its own right. To adequately explore a copper-gold porphyry prospect requires a substantial sustained budget and ultimately a large balance sheet for development. The arrangement in place, once consummated, allows the Company to focus its resources on Siana whilst still retaining significant exposure to the property.

Similarly, the alliance with First Metro, the investment arm of Metropolitan and Trust Bank, the largest banking organisation in the Philippines increases Red 5 visibility and status within the country. It may result in the Company shares being (dual) listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange, and therefore gaining the interest of emerging market investment funds. It may also result in the Company being invited to review other mining opportunities.

An enormous amount of work has been completed at Siana – 27 diamond holes for 10,816 metres drilled on the pit development, and a further 16 holes for 5,420 metres in the mine environs (SMDD059-100, ALDD003), 44 holes were geotechnically logged with two holes drilled solely for geotechnical purposes, and over nine tonnes of drill core representative of the ore body was assembled and despatched for detailed metallurgical testwork.

Two hundred and fifty air core holes for 2,638 metres were drilled, predominantly to evaluate the old tailings ponds, and provide metallurgical samples. In parallel, community assistance programmes were formulated and the most urgent immediately initiated. This includes the establishment of a medical and dental clinic, and the provision and reticulation of potable water to the 2,400 population of the three nearest villages.





First pass project optimisation, as part of the pre-feasibility study, has recently been completed. The project as currently conceived envisages an open pit development based on deepening the pit to mine Main Zone, followed by a potential cut-back to mine East Zone. The capital cost, including appropriate contingencies is still in the final stages of estimation

The Company has already committed to some elements of the Bankable Feasibility Study with a targeted completion date in the first quarter of calendar 2006. Initial interest from Australian and overseas banking institutions has been very favourable with a number of site visits scheduled in coming months.

Our progress at Siana is testament to the energy, urgency and dedication expended by our two executive directors Greg Edwards and Lance Govey, both of whom naturally spend extended periods at site. The First Metro and AngloGold Ashanti alliances also demonstrate the corporate skills within the executive.

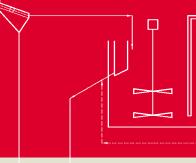
Again the Board and management acknowledge the vital support of shareholders. AngloGold Ashanti, as an integral part of the strategic exploration alliance, took a placement of shares (\$5.5 million) and together with its support and participation in the Merrill Crowe/increased Siana equity transaction, are now a 14.1 percent shareholder.

NM Rothschild and Sons, with its support and participation in the Merrill Crowe transaction, and taking equity in lieu of fees for financial advice are also a shareholder. We also welcomed Mathews Capital, a prestigious Sydney based investment fund onto the register as a substantial shareholder with a 5.8 percent interest.

Looking to the year ahead, completion of the Bankable Feasibility, financing and a commitment to the Siana development are musts. In parallel, an aggressive drill orientated exploration programme on the copper-gold porphyry targets has the potential to define the next increment of growth for Red 5.

Nicholas Smith Chairman

Siana gold project



SIANA GOLD PROJECT (Philippines) (RED 5 - 90 percent beneficial interest)

Major achievements in the last year include:

- Siana beneficial interest increased by 10 percent to 90 percent
- New, superior credentialed joint venture partner - Merrill Crowe Corporation
- Pre-feasibility study completed
 - mine grade 3 g/t plus
 - soft and low abrasion ore
 - high gravity gold recovery
 - pit walls steepened
 - simple crushing/grinding circuit
- Land holdings for mine foot print secured
- First resource estimate at East Zone
- AngloGold Ashanti

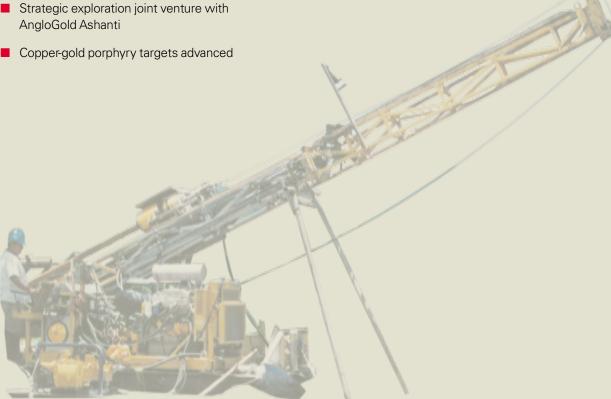
Background

Following execution of a Joint Venture Heads of Agreement in June 2002 the Company has significantly advanced towards development of the gold resource at Siana, located in Northern Mindanao.

Red 5 has a 90% beneficial interest in the project and is progressing towards committing to development in early 2006. Red 5 is manager of the joint venture through Greenstone Resources Corporation, a Philippine registered wholly owned subsidiary.

A JORC compliant Mineral Resource of 1.18 million ounces of gold is estimated with 75% in the Indicated category.

Red 5 expenditure on the exploration and on-going evaluation totals \$9.1 million.





Location and Logistics

The project covers an area of approximately 39 km2 focused around the Siana Gold Mine in the established gold mining province of Surigao del Norte.

Excellent infrastructure includes nearby grid power, easy access from National Highway One, a large cement factory, two ports and modern mobile phone network coverage.

The mine-site is located 30 km south of the major regional centre and shipping port of Surigao City. The local airport has daily flights to Cebu International Airport. The province is stable, with a predominantly Christian population.

Local government and community leaders, familiar with the long history of gold mining in the area have indicated their support for a new development.

Another advantage is the availability of experienced personnel, many of whom were employed at the mine when it closed prematurely in 1990.

Siana is located in a richly endowed mineral field with many epithermal gold systems and several known porphyry copper-gold deposits.

The project area is located three km south-east of the world-class Boyongan porphyry copper-gold (13 million ounce) 2003 discovery made by the AngloAmerican-Philex Gold Joint Venture.

Siana covers 12 km of strike of the Surigao Valley Fault, the same regional structure with which Boyongan is associated.

Historic Production

Past production from underground and open pit operations at Siana totalled approximately 4.9 million tonnes at an average grade of 6.3g/t gold for production of approximately one million ounces of gold.

Narrow vein underground development was carried out from 1938 to 1960 and produced 1.6 million tonnes at an average grade of 11.8 g/t gold (~610,000 ounces). Open pit mining from 1980 to 1990 produced 3.3 million tonnes at an average grade of 3.6 g/t (~380,000 ounces).

Secure Title

The Siana project is covered by a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA 184-2002-XIII) registered at the Surigao MGB 27 December 2002, and covers an area of approximately 31.6 km2.

The MPSA is a legally binding contract with the national government and allows for exploration, feasibility studies and mining. The MPSA is held by local partner Merrill Crowe Corporation.

The Siana mine and remaining infrastructure is located on freehold land on which the right of free access has been granted to the Red 5 wholly owned local subsidiary and the joint venture partner. The area of former mining leases is contained within the current MPSA license area.

The Mapawa licence application is progressing satisfactorily through the normal statutory processes.

In December 2004, the Philippines Supreme Court upheld the Philippine Mining Act 1995, supporting Executive Order Number 270 (January 2004) which formally declared the government policy shift from tolerance, to active promotion of the minerals development industry.

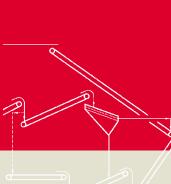
Project design

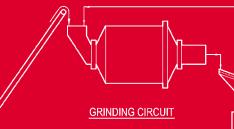
The project design, as defined by a Scoping Study completed in November 2004 comprises a 180 metre deep open pit (plus perimeter bore holes and in-pit dewatering system), and a modern gravity and CIL treatment plant.

Infrastructure includes an 8 MW diesel fired, third party owned power station, camp and an all weather 16 metre wide access road.

Optimisation, through iterative evaluation, during the final stages of the pre-feasibility study identified a single stage development to deliver the highest return-on-assets.

The initial phase, a four to five year period, would be at elevated mine grade and reduced waste to ore strip rates, focusing predominately on Main Zone. A potential second phase focuses on East Zone.





Pre-feasibility study

Pre-feasibility study

The technical study comprised resource upgrade diamond drilling (27 holes for 10,816 metres), geotechnical logging of 44 holes to determine pit slope recommendations, metallurgical testing on over nine tonnes of diamond drill core, mine scheduling, and capital and operating costs.

The study expenditure in the 2004/05 financial year was \$5.24 million. The completion date is later than originally envisaged due to a number of national consultants failing to meet pre-agreed timetables, with delays in one area cascading into another in a sector enjoying strong demand for specialist engineering skills.

Given the expectation of robust investment arithmetic the opportunity was taken to proceed with a number of activities falling within the bankable feasibility programme, prior to formal completion of the pre-feasibility study. Included is the earlier establishment of borehole drawdown characteristics for the pit perimeter de-watering system, approved by the Board to minimise project timing risk. Drilling of the first large diameter borehole is scheduled to commence mid-November 2005.

In summary, the pre-feasibility significantly upgraded estimates used in the scoping study, in particular

- steeper pit wall slopes by up to 22 percent will reduce the waste to ore strip ratio.
- lower Bond Work index, resulting in reduced grinding mill power consumption, and
- confirmation of high water quality in the flooded pit leading to simplified dewatering procedures.

Mineral Resource

The new Mineral Resource estimate is based on drill sections spaced at nominal 20 metre centres, drilled from both the east and west sides of the Siana pit to provide optimal sampling. Sample assays (13,565) were composited to 2 metres and comprised Red 5 drill hole data (59 percent) and authenticated historical Suricon data (41 percent).

Red 5 data passed the highest Quality Assurance and Quality Control standards to all steps in the determination (peer group laboratory checks, blanks, standards). Whilst the Suricon data was not subject to modern QAQC practices, the whole of all drill core was assayed in triplicate splits by fire assay. Comparison of data in overlap areas indicates similar grade distributions, with no bias.

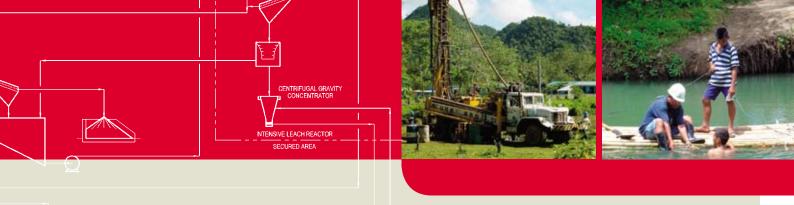
The estimation of grade used Ordinary Kriging with a search radii to 80 metres in directions of strike and dip of mineralisation. A top cut of 50 g/t was applied. The estimate include 1,600 specific gravity determinations.

The resource estimate at a 1.0 g/t cut-off is 14.5 million tonnes at 2.5 g/t for a contained 1.18 million ounces, of which 75 percent is in the Indicated category.

Mine Plan

The mine plan envisages an initial pit with up to 55 degree angles on the north wall and 45 degree angles on all other walls. The bench height will be 18 metres with 6 metre berms. The pit road is designed as 15 metres wide (dual lane) at the top of the pit reducing to a single lane 10 metre wide road towards the pit bottom.

A fleet of 65 tonne trucks will move a total of 3.1 million tonnes of ore (to a 50,000 tonne stockpile) over the initial four year mine life. Vertical development is limited at 60 metres per annum.



Metallurgical testwork

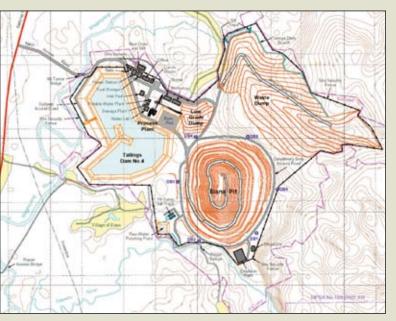
Metallurgical testwork has been conducted on composite carbonate (Main Zone) and basalt (East Zone) samples.

Gravity recovery using conventional Knelson concentrators has recorded 52% and 43% recovery gold with overall recovery post leaching of the gravity tails 92% and 85% for basalt and carbonate respectively. Further carbonate testwork is on-going.

The amenability of Siana ore to gravity recovery, and the softness (Bond work indices of 8.5 to 12), have positive implications for lower capital and operating costs.

A review of the tailings dams was completed with a total of 186 holes drilled and assayed. Records from past production suggested the gold reporting to tailings may be in the coarser size fraction and therefore amenable to a low capital and operating cost modern gravity separation process. Testwork did not confirm economic viability.

Golder and Associates subsequently confirmed the technical viability of extending the current tailings dam for future production.



Proposed site layout.

Plant Design

Due to the low Bond and Rod Mill work index, and low Abrasion index, the plant design envisages a simple crushing and grinding circuit comprising a primary jaw crusher and 4 metre diameter 7 metre long overflow ball mill with 1.7MW drive. A secondary 3 foot cone crusher may be required for the marginally harder Basalt material.

The low abrasion index may result in mill re-lines extending well beyond more normal time frames, contributing to reduced operating costs and higher plant availability

The gold recovery plant design comprises gravity concentration (and Acacia reactor), six stage carbon-in-leach circuit, four tonne AARL gold elution circuit and an SO2 /air cyanide destruction circuit.

The mine production schedule, capital and operating cost estimates were incomplete at the time this report went to press.

Environment and the Community

Elements of the Community Assistance Programme, integral to the Environmental Compliance Certificate accreditation have commenced. These include the opening and funding of a medical and dental clinic and an ambulance.

A potable water sterilisation and 7 km reticulation and distribution system to the nearest three villages was commissioned in September 2005.

The sponsorship of sustainable business activities, including the investigation of a rice drying facility using waste heat from the on-site power station are under active review.

Finance

NM Rothschild and Sons were appointed financial adviser/arranger in November 2004.

Rothschild has in-country experience and was recently the successful Lead Manager for the first greenfield mining project financing for thirty years in the Philippines.

Community Assistance Programme

In the past

"The presence of the Siana Gold Mine has contributed significantly to the social and economic development of the area. Basically a labour-intensive company, SURICON has provided employment to more than 500 residents of the area since the company started operations.

A company hospital has been extending medical services to the employees and the community since the 1950s.

Aside from this, various community development and health projects have been continually undertaken by the company in coordination with other government and civic organisations especially during the 1980s.

Notable among these, are the Operation Dugtong Buhay, the various Labor-Management Coordinating Council livelihood projects such as duck raising, golden snail raising, cabbage and mango farming and planting of various fruit trees.

The company also undertook the construction of playground facilities, tennis courts, gymnasium with a basketball court, bowling alley and a concrete stage for the employees and residents in the neighbouring community.

To a considerable extent, SURICON helped improve the way of life of the employees and residents in Siana and the neighbouring areas.

The company has so far done a fine task in fulfilling its corporate commitment of contributing to the social and economic betterment of the country."

...An extract from the 1990 Annual Report



Community clinic and ambulance - June 2005.



Elementary School Cawilan - March 2004.



Plant nursery - August 2005.





...and today

A Community Assistance Program has been formulated following consultation with the immediate communities of Cawilan, Siana and Dayano.

The program includes elementary school education (books, classroom materials, maintenance), public health and safety, road and church maintenance, agriculture support and potable water supply.

The immediate health assistance includes a Health Clinic at Cawilan with funding for a full time medical doctor, community nurse and part-time dentist.

Water is vital to the local communities. In December 2004, an extensive independent water survey was completed of the flooded Siana pit, groundwater monitoring bores, all local streams and Lake Mainit.

The samples were analysed by the SGS (Philippines) laboratory in Manila. Data evaluation used software developed by Waterloo Hydrogeologic, Canada.

The study concluded water in the flooded Siana pit (and Dayano River) are Class A based on the Department of Environment and Natural Resources Administrative Order 34, 1990, and therefore suitable for public water supply after treatment involving sedimentation, filtration and disinfection.

Water in the Magpayang River was deemed not suitable for public water supply due to high coliform and phosphate levels. Pit dewatering into the river would significantly improve the overall quality.

The Red 5 water supply facility recently installed is designed to supply 2,400 residents with an aggregate 36,000 litres per day of potable water.



Water testing -March 2004.



Portable water supply pump/steriliser –July 2005.



Native tree species planting - August 2005.

Exploration

Boyongan Corridor

While resource delineation drilling at the pit was the highest priority a total of fifteen diamond drill holes (4,795 metres) tested the Crackerjack prospect over a strike length of 500m north west of the pit, Cawilan IP targets 600m north of the pit, and three outlying geophysical anomalies within a two km radius of the pit. The Crackerjack holes partially confirmed earlier RC gold results but did not intersect significant new gold mineralisation. Visible native copper was intersected in the upper portions of holes at Crackerjack and Cawilan, evidence of secondary copper mobilisation from a suspected porphyry copper source.

Reconnaisance traverses in geochemically anomalous streams in the Dayano (two km south east of Siana) and Magpayang-Tubod (two km west) areas located visible lead and zinc mineralisation, and porphyry style veining, respectively, in stream float. The primary sources are yet to be located and will form the basis for ongoing exploration programmes in 2005-2006.

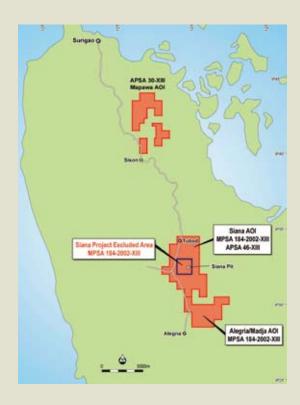
AngloGold Ashanti strategic alliance

Red 5 entered into a strategic alliance in October 2004 encompassing the existing Philippines tenements but with the specific exclusion of the Siana open pit development.

The alliance secures the option to enter direct equity joint ventures on the Company Philippine tenements, subject to retention of a minimum 12 percent Red 5 shareholding. Whilst the Siana open pit development is excluded, Red 5 has access to AngloGold Ashanti Australia technical support. An interest to provide debt funding for the development has also been indicated.

The terms of potential future separate JV agreements, subject to initiation within two years, on Madja copper-gold porphyry, Siana outer targets and Mapawa (post MPSA grant) are:

expenditure commitments of a minimum
 US\$1.5 million for no interest in the first year,



- a further US\$4 million for 65 percent of the Red 5 interest, and
- a further US\$5 million for 75 percent of the Red 5 interest over a further four years.

Red 5 is manager during the minimum expenditure period.

Madja copper-gold porphyry

In late 2003 two outstanding, drill ready copper-gold targets were defined by AngloAmerican Group (under Confidentiality Agreement) from soil sampling in the Madja area, located approximately 7km south of Siana in the southern part of the Permit area.

Follow-up rock chip assays to 6.1 g/t gold and 2.1% copper in stream float, and 0.74 g/t gold with 1,740ppm copper in outcrop, demonstrated the porphyry copper-gold potential of these substantial areas associated with the Boyongan Corridor.





The first diamond hole to test these targets, ALDD1, sole funded by Red 5, commenced late January 2004 and was terminated at the practical limit of rig capacity at 380 metres.

Seven intersections between 41 metres and 361 metres exceeded a nominal 0.2 percent copper cut-off. They aggregate 162 metres at a weighted average grade of 0.32% Cu, 0.26 g/t Au and 1.5 g/t Ag. Observations from the entire geological package were confirmatory of a fertile copper porphyry system.

The copper-gold mineralisation is in strongly fractured multiphase diorite intrusive rock and minor basalts. Propylitic alteration of variable intensity is present over most of the hole length.

The grades encountered in this first hole were considered highly encouraging given the discovery chronology of the nearby Boyongan copper-gold porphyry system.

Management interpretation of the lithological data is that the encountered mineralisation is peripheral to a higher grade core zone.

A second diamond hole, ALDD2, also sole funded by Red 5, commenced May 2004 using a more powerful rig and was completed at the target depth of 557 metres in altered breccias and basalts.

Mineralisation was intersected over three zones deep in the hole (9 m at 0.18% Cu from 439m, 18.5m at 0.13% Cu from 466.5m, and 24m at 0.10% Cu from 527m). The lower width and tenor of the intersections compared with ALDD001 suggests that ALDD002 has drilled a more marginal zone of the porphyry system.

Exploration on the targets was suspended in July 2005 due to a combination of factors, including drill rig priorities on completing the Siana pit and East Zone drill-out, delays in assaying the second hole and on-going discussions with international mining majors (which culminated in the AngloGold Ashanti alliance).

Major activity recommenced in February 2005 with the preparation of 56km of grid access lines over a 3km by 3km area of rugged terrain.

Surveyed gridding and geochemical soil sampling were completed over the Madja prospect in April 2005.

Two major target areas were defined from the soil geochemistry

- a north west zone characterised by a strong copper-gold association and surrounding the Alipao "Vein 12" prospect (first sampled in 2003), and
- a new copper-molybdenum target area to the east with above 200ppm soil Cu over a broadly circular area approximately 0.5 to 1.0 km in diameter.

Ground magnetic and Induced Polarisation geophysical surveys commenced over the entire area late March 2005.

The ground magnetics was completed late in April 2005 and the IP survey was completed in July 2005.

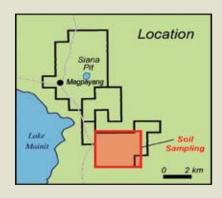
3D modelling of infill (200 metre line spacing) IP data identified four major chargeability anomalies, one adjacent to the two earlier holes at Madja.

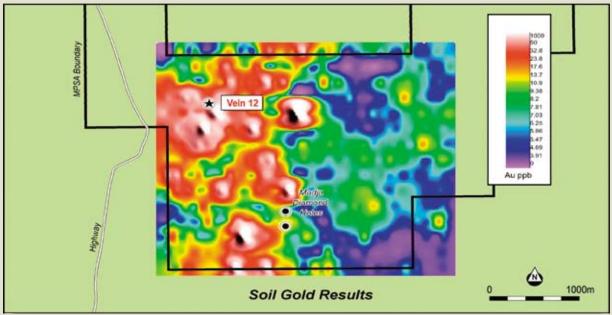
Current drill programme

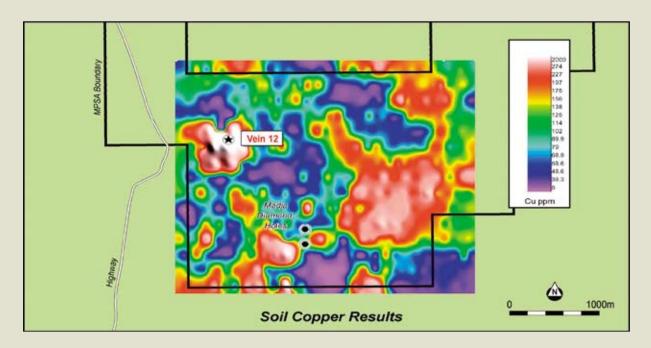
Drilling recommenced in August 2005 focused initially on 'Vein 12'. The exploration programme will comprise initial diamond drilling of each of the three new IP targets in addition to further drilling on the Madja prospect.

At the time of writing, ALDD003 at the Vein 12 (Alipao) target had just completed at 625 metres depth and assays were pending.

Alegria Madja AOI soil geochemistry











Siana diamond drill results

Hole ID	Easting UTM WGS84	Northing UTM WGS84	Az (mag)	Dip (deg)	From (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Zone
SMDD 61	783435	1055752	270	-25	185	3	19.7	East
	(incl 2m at 12 g/t Ag, 4.9% Zn, 1.2% Pb)							
					344	29	3.3	Main
					411	6	1.7	West
					426	1	19.1	West
SMDD 62	783406	1055670	270	-45	172	20	3.9	East
					251	5	4.3	East
					261	19	3.2	East
					324	29	2.1	East
					376	14	4.0	Main
SMDD 63	783415	1055631	270	-45	270	18	1.3	East
					294	8	5.6	East
					351	6	2.6	East
					367	28	9.3	Main
					Incl. 367	6	13.2	Main
					377	8	16.5	Main
					388	7	7.1	Main
SMDD 64	783419	1055587	270	-35	332	19	1.5	Main
SMDD 65	783435	1055752	270	-37	41	9	1.1	East
					195	10	2.9	East
					211	7	1.9	East
					391	18	1.1	East
					416	13	7.5	Main
					438	26	6.9	Main
SMDD 67	783431	1055631	270	-33	292	21	3.84	Main
01.155.00					329	28	2.28	Main
SMDD 69	783418	1055671	270	-37	317	32	3.58	East
SMDD 70	782915	1055747	090	-27	239	45	3.50	Main
SMDD 72	783415	1055708	270	-37	337	20	4.62	East
	700004	1055010	400		370	7	6.90	East
SMDD 80	783094	1055948	180	-30	161	14	6.70	Main
SMDD 83	783420	1055663	270	-37	283	20	3.23	East
CMDD 04	700450	4050000	400	00	315	31	3.69	Main
SMDD 84	783150	1056022	180	-28	262	12	1.96	Main
					325	35	12.46	Main
CMDD of	700044	1055000	100	٥٦	380	17	2.16	Main
SMDD 85	783211	1055980	180	-25	252	16	2.97	Main
CMDD 03	700E11	1055744	270	60	394	5	24.3	Main
SMDD 92	783511	1055744	270	60				Geotech
SMDD 93	783481	1055634	0	60			NA	Geotech

Boyongan Corridor drill results

Hole ID	Easting UTM WGS84	Northing UTM WGS84	Az (mag)	Dip (deg)	From (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Zone
SMDD 71	782920	1056137	060	60	154	3	6.90	Crackerjack
SMDD 73	782837	1056269	060	60	36	2	0.88	Crackerjack
					54	1	1.23	Crackerjack
					69	3	1.44	Crackerjack
					120	1	1.28	Crackerjack
SMDD 74	782835	1056268	060	35	9	1	1.13	Crackerjack
SMDD 75	782865	1056101	060	55			NSR	Crackerjack
SMDD 87	783085	1055304	90	30			NSR	South of pit
SMDD 88	782954	1056684	240	30			NSR	Fritz Weber
SMDD 89	782779	1055336	90	30			NSR	South of pit
					23	9	1.95	
					195	1	5.13	
SMDD 90	782767	1056346	60	30	250	2	4.32	Crackerjack
SMDD 91	783020	1056101	90	30			NSR	North of pit
SMDD 94	782997	1056220	90	35			NSR	North of pit
SMDD 95	783244	1056575	225	60			NSR	Cawilan IP

Note: NSR – no significant result



East Zone Basalt Breccias

Mineral resources

Resource Category (JORC)	Tonnes	Grade g/t Gold	Contained Ounces Gold
Indicated	11,460,000	2.40	884,000
Inferred	3,020,000	3.04	295,000
Total	14,480,000	2.53	1,179,000

Notes: Figures are 100% of project The estimates of Identified Mineral Resources shown in the table above have been prepared as per the JORC Code guidelines for reporting Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr Allen L Govey and Mr Gregory C Edwards, who are full-time employees of Red 5 Limited and are Members of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

Mr Govey and Mr Edwards have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that they are undertaking to qualify as Competent Person(s) as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Govey and Mr Edwards consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.



Preparation of metallurgical samples.

Other assets

Montague Gold Project (RED 5 25% free carried)

The Company has a 25% free carried interest to feasibility in the Montague Joint Venture, located 80km NNE of Sandstone, Western Australia, in the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt. The project is managed by Gateway Mining NL.

The Red 5 tenements cover a 7km northern extension of the stratigraphy and structures that host Gateway's high-grade gold discovery at the Airport Prospect.

Additional RAB drilling was completed confirming a four km zone of anomalous gold-arsenic-antimony mineralisation (Victory Creek-Hypotenuse trend). Reverse Circulation drill testing of gold anomalies defined in the RAB drilling gave a best result of 10 metres at 1.9 g/t Au from 80 metres downhole at Julia's Fault prospect, located at the southern end of the Victory Creek-Hypotenuse trend. Additional drilling is planned.

Asia Gold Limited

Red 5, a founding shareholder and seed capital provider has earned a 50 percent interest in Asia Gold Limited through a capped expenditure of US\$200,000.

Asia Gold is a private company incorporated in the United Kingdom in May 2004, with a mandate to acquire exploration and mining tenements in the Tian Shan gold belt.

This belt stretches from the Ural Mountains in Russia, through Central Asia and China to Mongolia. The belt includes numerous world class gold mines, including Murantau (140 million ounces). The aggregate production plus reserve/resource gold endowment is placed at in excess of 500 million ounces.

Red 5 partner, Midland Minerals Limited of Glasgow, Scotland, (world renowned for their 3D computer modelling) contribute their unique expertise to analyse systematic spatial coincidence of key geological components over vast areas to identify highly prospective target areas.

Partners Davis Exploration and Orlov contribute their field experience and government relationships in Central Asia.

Title to identified prospective ground continues to be difficult to secure. Red 5 continued commitment to Asia Gold is under review.

Portfolio Interests Range River Gold Limited

The Company held 9,132,420 Range River shares, at balance date, received as part consideration for both the sale of rights under the Indee Joint Venture and tenement holdings, nearTelfer, in northern Western Australia.

Subsequent to the year end \$875,239 was realised from the sale of the entire position at prices marginally above book value.

Romarco Minerals Incorporation

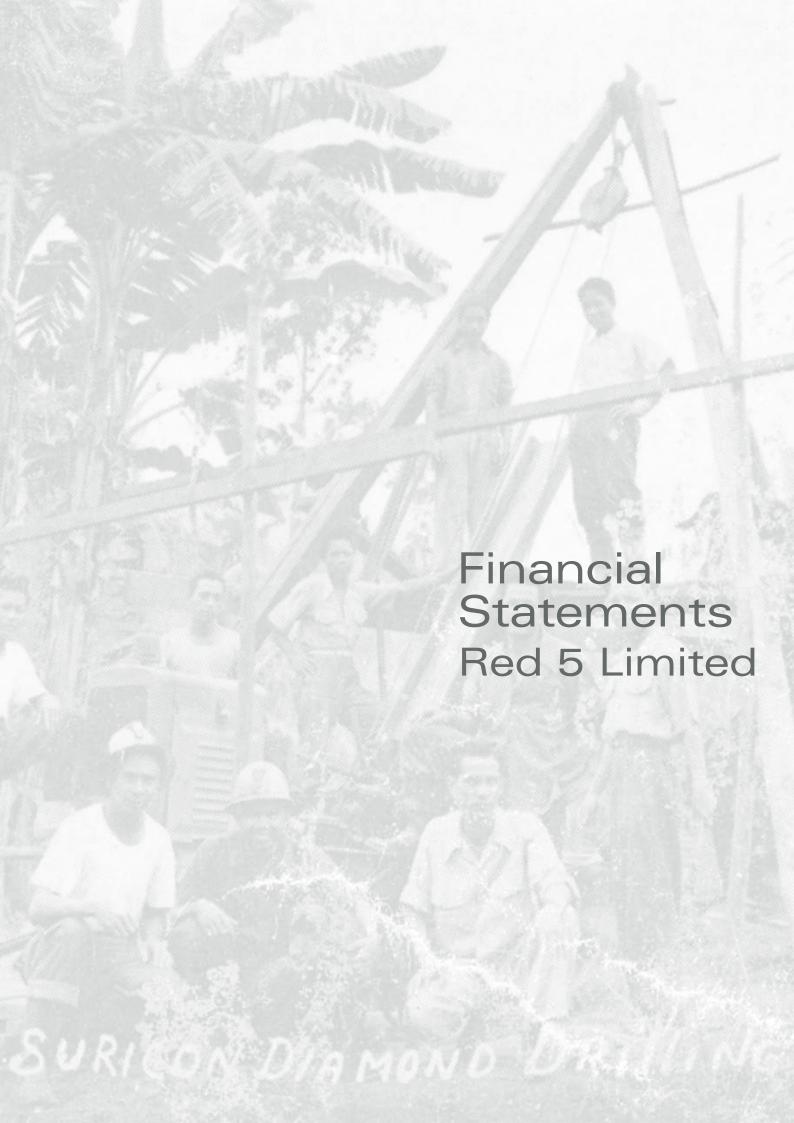
The Company holds 1,140,000 shares in Toronto listed Romarco, purchased on market over a four month period at a cost of \$286,677. The holding represents 4.7 percent of the issued capital.

The investment decision reflects exceptional leverage to an impressive exploration portfolio in combination with considerable depth and experience in the Board and management.

Romarco has interests in five gold projects, four in Nevada (Buckskin-National, Pine Grove, Roberts Mountains and Golden Zebra) and one in Peru (Cori Puncho).

Through its investment, Red 5 has an indirect interest in prospective properties in highly regarded locations that would not otherwise be available to the Company.

More recently Romarco has proposed a merger with Western Goldfields, which if successful, would see Romarco become a modest producer, through re-financing of the fully permitted Mesquite mine in California.



Directors' Report

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

The directors of Red 5 Limited ("Red 5" or "parent entity") present their report on the results and state of affairs of the parent entity and the consolidated entity for the financial year ended 30 June 2005.

DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of Red 5 in office during the course of the financial year and at the date of this report are as follows:

Nicholas James Smith Gregory Charles Edwards Allen Lance Govey Colin George Jackson Peter William Rowe (appointed on 22 October 2004)

Unless otherwise indicated, all directors held their position as a director throughout the entire financial year and up to the date of this report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of Red 5 and the consolidated entity (which includes the controlled entities of Red 5) during the financial year were mineral exploration and evaluation. There was no significant change in the nature of these activities during the year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The net loss of the consolidated entity after provision for income tax and outside equity interests was \$1,150,803.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the year the consolidated entity continued to focus on the early development of the Siana gold project located in the Philippines. Exploration and evaluation activities on the Siana project included a comprehensive drilling programme, completion of an engineering scoping study and the commissioning of a pre-feasibility study in October 2004.

A full scale bankable feasibility study is expected to be completed during the next financial year, which will then enable development and financing decisions on the Siana project to be considered.

In October 2004 Red 5 entered into a subscription and relationship agreement with AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited (AngloGold) under which AngloGold subscribed for 31,000,000 fully paid shares at a subscription price of 17.7 cents per share, raising \$5,487,000 for Red 5. These funds will be used for regional exploration at the Siana project (excluding the Siana mine development area) and other project areas in the Philippines held by the consolidated entity.

Provided that AngloGold retains a minimum 12% interest in Red 5, it has the right for a period of two years to farm in and earn up to a 75% interest in the consolidated entity's 80% interest in up to three potential projects in the Philippines (excluding the Siana open pit development area). This right is conditional on AngloGold fulfilling certain minimum expenditure obligations which involves expenditure of US\$1.5 million for no interest in the first year, a further US\$4 million to earn 65% of the Red 5 interest and a further US\$5 million for 75% of the Red 5 interest.

Also, under the terms of the agreement, for a period of two years and provided that AngloGold retains a minimum 12% interest, Red 5 must give AngloGold an opportunity to participate in any share placements, on the same terms as any third party participation, to the extent necessary for AngloGold to maintain its percentage interest in the share capital of Red 5.

Red 5 entered into a subscription agreement to earn a 50% interest in Asia Gold Limited by contributing a total of \$268,283 (US\$200,000) in share capital subscriptions. Asia Gold Limited has a mandate to acquire prospective exploration tenements in the Tien Shan gold belt in Central Asia.

The directors are continuing to evaluate other resources projects in which the consolidated entity may participate.

DIVIDENDS

No amounts were paid by way of dividend since the end of the previous financial year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

During the course of the next financial year, the consolidated entity will continue its mineral exploration and development activities and will investigate additional resources projects in which the consolidated entity may participate.

In the opinion of the directors there is no additional information available as at the date of this report on any likely developments which may materially affect the operations of the consolidated entity and the expected results of those operations in subsequent years.

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

At the date of this report, 2,000,000 ordinary fully paid shares which are subject to options were unissued. These options are exercisable at 60 cents each on or before 31 December 2005. Details of options issued and exercised during the financial year are contained in Note 16(c) to the financial report.

No person entitled to exercise the options has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the parent entity or any other corporation.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year were as follows:

- (a) equity funds of \$5,487,000 were raised during the year through a private share placement to AngloGold of 31,000,000 ordinary fully paid shares at an issue price of 17.7 cents per share.
- (b) a total of 57,526,020 listed and unlisted options lapsed during the year without being exercised.
- (c) a pre-feasibility study for the development of the Siana project commenced in October 2004.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events which have occurred subsequent to the end of the financial year are set out in Note 31 to the financial report.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Director	Qualifications, experience and special responsibilities
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Nicholas J Smith (Non-Executive Chairman)

A director since April 2002. Mr Smith is a solicitor with considerable international mining business experience, including 12 years as group general counsel for the Normandy Mining group. Mr Smith operates a corporate consultancy business and specialises in advice on sovereign risk issues in developing countries. Mr Smith is a member of the audit and remuneration committees. Other current directorships: Niquest Limited and Mindax Limited.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS (continued)

Director Qualifications, experience and special responsibilities

Gregory C Edwards (Managing Director)

B.Sc. (Hons), MAusIMM

A director since November 2001. Mr Edwards is a geologist with 20 years experience. He has a broad gold and base metals exploration and development background, spending 13 years with the Normandy Mining group, holding various positions including Exploration Manager – Western Australia and Manager – Business Analysis, where he focussed on commercial evaluations of potential project and corporate acquisitions. Mr Edwards has not held directorships in any other listed companies in the last 3 years.

Allen L Govey (Exploration Director) B.Sc. (Hons), M.Sc., MAusIMM

A director since November 2001. Mr Govey is a senior geologist with wide ranging exploration and mining geology experience within Australia and Indonesia. He has been involved with the successful exploration and mining of Archean lode gold deposits for the last 16 years. Mr Govey spent 12 years with the Normandy Mining group, including as Principal Geologist responsible for project generation and evaluation of new business opportunities within Western Australia. Mr Govey has not held directorships in any other listed companies in the last 3 years.

Colin G Jackson (Non-Executive Director)

M.Sc., B.Sc. (Hons), DIC, Grad.Dip. Bus. Admin.

A director since December 2003. Mr Jackson graduated as a mineral process design engineer and spent 10 years with Selection Trust Limited and RGC Group, followed by a 12 year finance career with McIntosh Securities Limited and 10 years corporate/communications responsibility with Newcrest Mining and Normandy Mining. He is a member of the finance/taxation committee of the Australian Gold Council. Mr Jackson is chairman of the audit and remuneration committees. Other current directorships: Nustar Mining Corporation Limited (since December 2003) and Terramin Australia Limited (since August 2003).

Peter W Rowe (Non-Executive Director)

B.Sc. (Chem Eng), FAusIMM, MAICD

A director since October 2004. Mr Rowe spent 20 years with Anglo American and De Beers in South Africa before moving to Australia. He has held a number of senior managerial positions in Australia, including Project Director of the Kalgoorlie Super Pit (Fimiston) expansion and General Manager of the Boddington Gold Mine and of the Boddington Expansion Project. Mr Rowe is currently Head of AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited. He is also the current chairman of the Australian Gold Council and is a director of AMMA, the Minerals Council of Australia and Integrated Seismic Systems (Pacific). Mr Rowe is a member of the audit committee.

Information on Company Secretary

Frank J Campagna B.Bus (Acc), CPA

Company Secretary of Red 5 since June 2002. Mr Campagna is a Certified Practicing Accountant with over 20 years experience as Company Secretary, Financial Controller and Commercial Manager for listed resources and industrial companies. He presently operates a corporate consultancy practice which provides corporate secretarial and advisory services to both listed and unlisted companies.

Details of directors' interests in the securities of the parent entity as at the date of this report are as follows:

Director	Fully paid shares	Unlisted options	
N J Smith	509,500	2,000,000	
G C Edwards	7,500,000	-	
A L Govey	6,876,500	-	
C G Jackson	225,000	-	
PW Rowe	-	-	

Mr Rowe is a director of AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited (AngloGold) which owns 37,833,945 fully paid shares in Red 5. Under the terms of a subscription agreement with AngoGold, for a period of two years from October 2004 and provided that AngloGold retains a minimum 12% interest, Red 5 must give AngloGold an opportunity to participate in any issue of shares or securities on the same terms as any third party participation, to the extent necessary for AngloGold to maintain its percentage interest in the share capital of Red 5.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors of Red 5 and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2005 and the number of meetings attended by each director are as follows:

	Board meetings		Meetings of committees		
	Number	Number	Held and attended		
	held	attended	Audit	Remuneration	
N J Smith	6	6	2	1	
G C Edwards	6	6	-	-	
A L Govey	6	6	-	-	
C G Jackson	6	6	2	1	
PW Rowe (appointed on 22 October 2004)	2	2	-	-	

Mr Rowe was appointed as an additional member of the audit committee on 24 May 2005. No meetings of the audit committee were held between that date and the end of the financial year.

REMUNERATION REPORT

This report sets out the current remuneration arrangements for directors and executives of Red 5.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Directors and executives remuneration

Overall remuneration policies are determined by the Board and are adapted to reflect competitive market and business conditions where it is in the interests of the Company and shareholders to do so. Within this framework, the remuneration committee considers remuneration policies and practices generally, and determines specific remuneration packages and other terms of employment for executive directors and senior management. Executive remuneration and other terms of employment are

Directors' Report

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

reviewed annually by the committee having regard to performance, relevant comparative information and independent expert advice.

Red 5's remuneration policy for executive directors and senior management is designed to promote superior performance and long term commitment to Red 5. Remuneration packages are set at levels that are intended to attract and retain executives capable of managing the consolidated entity's Australian and overseas operations. Executive directors receive a base remuneration which is market related, together with performance based remuneration linked to the achievement of pre-determined milestones and targets.

Red 5's remuneration policies are designed to align executive's remuneration with shareholders' interests and to retain appropriately qualified executive talent for the benefit of the Company. The main principles of the policy are:

- reward reflects the competitive market in which the Company operates;
- individual reward should be linked to performance criteria; and
- executives should be rewarded for both financial and non-financial performance.

The structure of remuneration packages for executive directors and other senior executives comprises:

- a fixed sum base salary payable monthly in cash;
- short term incentives through eligibility to participate in a performance bonus plan if appropriate;
- long term incentives through executive directors being eligible to participate in share option schemes with the prior approval of shareholders. Other executives may also participate in employee share option schemes, with any option issues generally being made in accordance with thresholds set in plans approved by shareholders. The Board considers it appropriate to retain the flexibility to issue options to executives outside of approved employee option plans in appropriate circumstances; and
- other benefits, including participation in superannuation schemes.

The proportion of fixed and variable remuneration is established for each executive director by the remuneration committee. The objective of short term incentives is to link achievement of Red 5's operational targets with the remuneration received by executives charged with meeting those targets. The objective of long term incentives is to reward executives in a manner which aligns this element of their remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth.

Performance incentives may be offered to executive directors and senior management of Red 5 through the operation of performance bonus schemes. Performance and completion bonuses based on a percentage of annual salary are payable upon achievement of agreed operational milestones and targets.

Non-executive directors' remuneration

In accordance with current corporate governance practices, the structure for the remuneration of non-executive directors and senior executives is separate and distinct. Shareholders approve the maximum aggregate remuneration for non-executive directors. The remuneration committee recommends the actual payments to directors and the Board is responsible for ratifying any recommendations. The Board approves any consultancy arrangements for non-executive directors who provide services outside of and in addition to their duties as non-executive directors.

Non-executive directors are entitled to statutory superannuation benefits. The Chairman is also entitled to a retirement allowance to a maximum of three years directors fees.

Non-executive directors may be entitled to participate in equity based remuneration schemes. Shareholders must approve the framework for any equity based compensation schemes and if a recommendation is made for a director to participate in an equity scheme, that participation must be specifically approved by the shareholders.

All directors are entitled to have their indemnity insurance paid by the Company.

Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the emoluments of each director of Red 5 and each of the officers receiving the highest emoluments are as follows:

	Primary		Post-emplo	oyment	Other	
Name	Salary and directors fees	Consulting fees	Superannuation	Retirement benefits provided for	Insurance premiums	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Executive dire	ctors					
G C Edwards A L Govey	261,564 187,044	-	20,001 15,000	-	4,884 4,884	286,449 206,928
Non-executive	directors					
N J Smith C G Jackson P W Rowe	40,000 25,000 16,667	91,050 117,150 -	3,600 2,250	40,000	4,884 4,884 4,884	179,534 149,284 21,551
Other executiv	ves .					
F J Campagna	-	60,325	-	-	-	60,325

Salary and directors fees includes amounts for provisions for annual and long service leave of \$61,561 for Mr Edwards and \$37,044 for Mr Govey. Remuneration for Mr Rowe is from date of appointment as a director on 22 October 2004. Other than directors of Red 5, there were no other executive officers of the consolidated entity during the year, with the exception that the company secretary is deemed to be an executive by virtue of being an officer of the parent entity.

Information on any benefits received by directors of Red 5 by reason of a contract made by the consolidated entity with a director or a director-related entity are contained in Note 20 of the financial report.

During the financial year, Red 5 paid premiums (other benefits) of \$24,420 to insure the directors and other officers of the consolidated entity. The liabilities insured are for costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of entities in the consolidated entity.

Directors' Report

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Service agreements

The terms of employment for executive and non-executive directors are formalised in service agreements. Major provisions of the agreements relating to duration and termination are set out below.

G C Edwards – Managing Director

Term of agreement: 3 years from 1 July 2004.

Remuneration: base salary plus 10% superannuation contributions, to be reviewed annually by the remuneration committee.

Performance bonus: up to 25% of annual salary upon the achievement of agreed milestones and targets. Completion bonus of 25% of annual salary at the completion of the service agreement.

Termination provisions: payment upon early termination by the Company (other than for unsatisfactory performance, gross misconduct or long term incapacity) equal to the annual salary.

A L Govey - Exploration Director

Term of agreement: 3 years from 1 July 2004.

Remuneration: base salary plus 10% superannuation contributions, to be reviewed annually by the remuneration committee.

Performance bonus: up to 25% of annual salary upon the achievement of agreed milestones and targets. Completion bonus of 25% of annual salary at the completion of the service agreement.

Termination provisions: payment upon early termination by the Company (other than for unsatisfactory performance, gross misconduct or long term incapacity) equal to the annual salary.

Share-based compensation

The Board has adopted the Red 5 Employee Option Plan (Plan). The primary purposes of the Plan are to increase the motivation of employees, promote the retention of employees, align employee interests with those of Red 5 and its shareholders and to reward employees who contribute to the growth of Red 5. At the annual general meeting held on 24 November 2004, shareholders authorised the issue of options under the Plan. To date, no options have been issued under the Plan.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, Red 5's external auditors, KPMG, has provided other services in addition to its statutory audit function. Non-audit services provided by the external auditors comprise \$11,000 for tax and corporate structuring advice. Further details of remuneration of the auditors are set out in Note 21.

The Board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year and is satisfied that the provision of those services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act and did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act, for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance guidelines adopted by Red 5;
- non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure that they do not impact the
 impartiality or objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, Professional Independence, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity, acting as an advocate for Red 5 or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act is included immediately following the Directors' Report and forms part of the Directors' Report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

The consolidated entity is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect to its mineral exploration activities. These obligations are regulated under relevant government authorities within Australia and overseas. The consolidated entity is a party to exploration and development licences and has beneficial interests in mineral production sharing agreements. Generally, these licences and agreements specify the environmental regulations applicable to exploration and mining operations in the respective jurisdictions. The consolidated entity aims to ensure that it complies with the identified regulatory requirements in each jurisdiction in which it operates.

Compliance with environmental obligations is monitored by the Board of Directors. No environmental breaches have been notified to the consolidated entity by any government agency during the year ended 30 June 2005.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

N J Smith Chairman

Perth, Western Australia

28 September 2005

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of Red 5 Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2005, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

B C FULLARTON

Partner

Perth

28 September 2005

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

		CON 2005	SOLIDATED 2004	PARENT ENTITY 2005 2004	
	NOTE	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue from ordinary activities		473,281	250,154	473,281	250,154
Revenue from outside operating activities	_	71,768	2,065,000	71,768	2,065,000
Total revenue	2	545,049	2,315,154	545,049	2,315,154
Carrying value of investment and loans to controlled entity sold		-	-	-	1,932,073
Carrying value of mineral tenements sold		-	1,977,396	-	292,399
Depreciation expenses		24,014	12,436	24,014	12,436
Employee and consultancy expenses		810,713	725,744	810,713	725,744
Exploration expenditure written-off		181,165	54,238	43,408	23,790
Insurance expenses		56,744	54,311	56,744	54,311
Occupancy expenses		75,960	63,630	75,960	63,630
Provision for diminution in investments		361,255	-	361,255	-
Provision for non-recovery of loans		-	-	1,452	30,448
Regulatory expenses		86,277	123,786	86,277	123,786
Other expenses from ordinary activities		168,007	105,013	168,007	105,013
Loss from ordinary activities before income tax expense	3	(1,219,086)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)
Income tax expense	4	-	-	-	-
Net loss from ordinary activities after income tax	_	(1,219,086)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)
Net loss attributable to outside equity interests		68,283	-	-	-
Net loss attributable to members of Red 5 Limited		(1,150,803)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)
Transfer from option premium reserve		-	640,590	-	640,590
Total changes in equity other than those resulting from transactions					
with owners as owners	=	(1,150,803)	(160,810)	(1,082,781)	(407,886)
		Cents	Cents		
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	30	(0.48)	(0.44)		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

		CO1 2005	CONSOLIDATED 2005 2004		RENT ENTITY 2004
	NOTE	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash assets	5	7,272,775	8,097,035	7,187,780	7,998,404
Receivables	6	99,744	58,410	99,744	58,410
Other financial assets	7	1,130,422	1,205,000	1,130,422	1,205,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		8,502,941	9,360,445	8,417,946	9,261,814
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Receivables	8	_	_	8,850,413	3,627,442
Other financial assets	9	-	90,234	603,823	425,774
Property, plant and equipment	10	74,967	53,811	74,967	53,811
Deferred exploration expenditure	11	9,530,900	3,892,450	5,776	4,194
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		9,605,867	4,036,495	9,534,979	4,111,221
TOTAL ASSETS		18,108,808	13,396,940	17,952,925	13,373,035
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Payables	12	769,250	793,305	769,250	793,305
Provisions	13	87,885	57,002	87,885	57,002
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		857,135	850,307	857,135	850,307
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Borrowings	14	322,846	322,846	_	_
Provisions	15	188,843	80,000	188,843	80,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		511,689	402,846	188,843	80,000
TOWNE WORK GOTTHER TOWNER THE	-	011,000	102,010	100,010	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,368,824	1,253,153	1,045,978	930,307
NET ASSETS	:	16,739,984	12,143,787	16,906,947	12,442,728
EQUITY					
Contributed equity	16	28,981,632	23,434,632	28,981,632	23,434,632
Accumulated losses	17	(12,441,648)	(11,290,845)	(12,074,685)	(10,991,904)
Total parent entity interest		16,539,984	12,143,787	16,906,947	12,442,728
Outside equity interests	18	200,000	-	-	
TOTAL EQUITY	19	16,739,984	12,143,787	16,906,947	12,442,728

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

	NOTE	CON 2005 \$	NSOLIDATED 2004	PAR 2005 \$	ENT ENTITY 2004 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		(1,086,801) 473,281	(882,462) 250,154	(1,086,801) 473,281	(882,462) 250,154
Net cash outflow from operating activities	28 _	(613,520)	(632,308)	(613,520)	(632,308)
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for controlled entities, net of cash acquired Payments for mineral exploration expenditure Payments for plant and equipment Payments for purchase of investments Payments for purchase of mining tenements Proceeds on disposal of controlled entity Proceeds on sale of investments Proceeds on sale of mineral tenements Proceeds on security deposits returned		(106,754) (5,327,026)	(2,322,688)	(107,015) (46,609)	- (99,072)
		(49,051) (286,677)	(42,092) (87,831)	(49,051) (286,677)	(42,092) (87,831)
		- 71,768 - -	(79,023) 500,000 - 365,000 17,000	- 71,768 - -	500,000 - 365,000 17,000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	_	(5,697,740)	(1,649,634)	(417,584)	653,005
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issues of shares Payments for share issue expenses Loans to controlled entities Repayment of loans by other corporation	_	5,487,000 - - -	10,176,300 (185,157) - 20,000	5,487,000 - (5,266,520)	10,176,300 (185,157) (2,231,492) 20,000
Net cash inflow from financing activities	_	5,487,000	10,011,143	220,480	7,779,651
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held		(824,260)	7,729,201	(810,624)	7,800,348
Cash at the beginning of the financial year	-	8,097,035	367,834	7,998,404	198,056
Cash at the end of the financial year	5 =	7,272,775	8,097,035	7,187,780	7,998,404
Non-cash financing and investing activities	29				

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

This financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical cost and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, fair values of noncurrent assets.

Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Accounting policies adopted are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year, except as specifically noted.

1.2 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial report incorporates the assets and liabilities of all entities controlled by Red 5 Limited ("parent entity") as at 30 June 2005 and the results of all controlled entities for the year then ended. Red 5 Limited and its controlled entities together are referred to in this financial report as the consolidated entity. A list of controlled entities appears in Note 27. The effects of all transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

Where control of an entity is obtained during a financial year, its results are included only from the date upon which control commences. Where control of an entity ceases during a financial year, its results are included for that part of the year during which control existed. Outside interests in equity and results of the entities which are controlled by the consolidated entity are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial statements.

1.3 INVESTMENTS

Investments classified as current assets represent securities in listed companies purchased for resale and are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value as at balance date.

Investments classified as non-current assets represent securities in listed and unlisted companies acquired as investments and are shown at cost except where in the opinion of the directors there has been a permanent diminution in value, in which case the investments are written down to their recoverable amount.

1.4 INCOMETAX

Tax effect accounting procedures are followed whereby the income tax expense in the statement of financial performance is matched with the accounting profit or loss, after allowing for permanent differences. Future income tax benefits are not brought to account unless realisation of the asset is assured beyond reasonable doubt, or if relating to tax losses, when realisation is virtually certain. Income tax on net cumulative timing differences is set aside to the deferred income tax and future income tax benefit accounts at the rates which are expected to apply when those timing differences reverse.

Tax consolidation legislation

Following a review of the impact of the tax consolidation legislation on the consolidated entity, the parent entity and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have elected not to be taxed as a single entity as from the transitional income tax year ended 30 June 2004. Accordingly, there is no financial effect in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

1.5 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

Exploration and evaluation costs are accumulated in respect of each separate area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation costs for each area of interest are carried forward where rights of tenure of the area of interest are current and the costs are expected to be recouped through the successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or by its sale, or where exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing.

When an area of interest is abandoned or the directors decide that it is not commercial, any accumulated costs in respect of that area are written off in the financial year in which the decision is made. Each area of interest is reviewed at the end of each accounting period and accumulated expenditure is written off to the extent that it is considered that the costs will not be recoverable in the future.

1.6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All assets acquired, including property, plant and equipment and intangibles other than goodwill, are initially recorded at their cost of acquisition, being the fair value of the consideration provided plus incidental costs directly attributable to the acquisition. When equity instruments are issued as consideration, their market price at the date of acquisition is used as fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity subject to the extent of proceeds received, otherwise expensed.

1.7 DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated using a combination of the prime cost and diminishing value methods, to write off the net cost of each item of plant and equipment over its expected useful life to the consolidated entity. The expected useful lives of plant and equipment are between 3 and 13 years.

1.8 RECOVERABLE AMOUNT

Where the carrying value of an individual non-current asset, other than exploration and evaluation expenditure, is greater than its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. The directors review the carrying values of non-current assets at each year end and in determining recoverable amount, the expected net cash flows are not discounted to their present values.

1.9 FOREIGN CURRENCYTRANSACTIONS

Foreign currency transactions are initially translated into Australian currency at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. At balance date, amounts payable or receivable which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Australian currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on that date. Exchange differences relating to monetary items are included in the statement of financial performance as exchange gains or losses in the period when the exchange rates change.

1.10 EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS

Provision for employee entitlements represents the amount which the consolidated entity has a present obligation to pay resulting from employees' service provided up to the balance date. The provision is based on remuneration rates including related on-costs and is measured using undiscounted amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

1.11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net operating results after income tax attributable to members of the parent entity, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to potential ordinary shares.

1.12 GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable or payable is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable or payable are classified as operating cash flows.

1.13 CASH

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes deposits at call which are readily convertible to cash on hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day to day basis, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT ENTITY	
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		\$	\$	\$	\$
2.	REVENUE				
	(a) Revenue from ordinary activities				
	- interest received	473,281	250,154	473,281	250,154
	(b) Revenue from outside operating activities				
	- proceeds on sale of investments	71,768	-	71,768	-
	- proceeds on sale of controlled entity	-	1,700,000	-	1,700,000
	- proceeds on sale of mineral tenements	-	360,000	-	360,000
	- option fees on mineral tenements	-	5,000	-	5,000
	_	71,768	2,065,000	71,768	2,065,000
	_	545,049	2,315,154	545,049	2,315,154
3.	LOSS FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES				
	Loss from ordinary activities before income tax				
	includes the following specific net gains and ex	penses:			
	Net gains				
	Interest received - other corporations	473,281	250,154	473,281	250,154
	Profit on sale of investments	71,768	-	71,768	-
	Profit on sale of mineral tenements	-	82,604	-	67,601
	Expenses				
	Deferred exploration expenditure written-off	181,165	54,238	43,408	23,790
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	24,014	12,436	24,014	12,436
	Provision for employee entitlements	139,726	105,930	139,726	105,930
	Provision for non-recovery of loans	-	-	1,452	30,448
	Rental and outgoings relating to				
	operating lease	78,881	52,865	78,881	52,865
	Individually significant items				
	Expenses				
	Provision for diminution in investments	361,255	-	361,255	-
	Loss on sale of controlled entity	-	-	-	232,073

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT ENTITY			
		2005	2004	2005	2004		
		\$	\$	\$	\$		
4.	INCOMETAX						
	The difference between income tax expense provided in the financial statements and the prima facie income tax expense is reconciled as follows:						
	Operating loss	(1,219,086)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)		
	Prima facie tax benefit at 30%	(365,726)	(240,420)	(324,834)	(314,542)		
	Tax effect of permanent differences:						
	Exploration expenditure written-off	53,914	16,271	13,022	7,137		
	Provision for diminution in investments	108,377	-	108,377	-		
	Non-deductible expenses	7,398	16,997	7,397	16,997		
	Gain arising on option premiums	-	192,177	-	192,177		
	Other deductible items	2,192	(5,583)	2,628	(3,949)		
		(193,845)	(20,558)	(193,410)	(102,180)		
	Timing differences not brought to account	46,553	44,813	46,553	44,813		
	Prior year losses brought to account	-	(25,889)	-	-		
	Current year tax losses not brought to account	147,292	1,634	146,857	57,367		
	Income tax expense	-	_	-	-		
	Income tax provision	_		_			
	The directors estimate that the potential future income tax benefit in respect of tax						

The potential benefit of tax losses has not been brought to account in this financial report as realisation of the benefit cannot be regarded as being virtually certain.

The potential future income tax benefit will be obtainable by the consolidated entity only if:

(a) the consolidated entity derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit of the deductions for the loss to be realised;

639,992

2,469,257

607,908

- (b) the consolidated entity complies with the conditions for deductibility imposed by income tax law; and
- (c) no changes in income tax legislation adversely affects the consolidated entity in realising the benefit of the deduction for the loss.

losses not brought to account is:

2,106,998

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2005

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT ENTITY	
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS					
5.	CASHASSETS				
	Cash at bank	97,566	141,441	12,832	42,810
	Cash on deposit	7,174,748	7,955,394	7,174,748	7,955,394
	Cash on hand	461	200	200	200
	=	7,272,775	8,097,035	7,187,780	7,998,404
6.	RECEIVABLES				
	Sundry debtors - other corporations	99,744	58,410	99,744	58,410
	=	99,744	58,410	99,744	58,410
7.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS				
	Quoted investments – at cost				
	Shares in other corporations	1,491,677	1,255,000	1,491,677	1,255,000
	Less provision for diminution	(361,255)	(50,000)	(361,255)	(50,000)
	=	1,130,422	1,205,000	1,130,422	1,205,000
	Market value of investments quoted on prescribed stock exchange as at 30 June 2005				
	- shares in other corporations	1,130,422	2,039,553	1,130,422	2,039,553

NON-CURRENT ASSETS			CONSOLIDATED		PARENT ENTI	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS State RECEIVABLES Unsecured loans - wholly owned controlled entities - - 10,945,089 5,720,666 Provision for doubtful recovery - - 2,094,676 (2,093,224) - - - 8,850,413 3,627,442 - - - - -			2005	2004	2005	2004
8. RECEIVABLES Unsecured loans - wholly owned controlled entities			\$	\$	\$	\$
Unsecured loans - wholly owned controlled entities	N	ON-CURRENT ASSETS				
controlled entities - - 10,945,089 5,720,666 Provision for doubtful recovery - - (2,094,676) (2,093,224) - - 8,850,413 3,627,442 Unsecured loans to controlled entities are interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment. 99. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Unquoted investments - at cost - 90,234 - 90,234 Shares in controlled entities - at cost - - 1,203,823 935,540 Less provision for diminution - - 603,023 335,540 Less provision for diminution - - 603,823 335,540 - 90,234 603,823 325,744 Property plant and equipment - at cost - - 603,823 335,540 Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance	8.	RECEIVABLES				
Closing balance Closing ba		•	-	-	10,945,089	5,720,666
Unsecured loans to controlled entities are interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment. 9. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Unquoted investments - at cost		Provision for doubtful recovery		-	(2,094,676)	(2,093,224)
9. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Unquoted investments - at cost			_	_	8,850,413	3,627,442
Shares in controlled entities - at cost Less provision for diminution (600,000) (600,000) 603,823 335,540 - 90,234 603,823 425,774 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Office furniture and equipment - at cost Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - (7,314) Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - (3,433) Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942	9.		terest free and hav	ve no fixed te	rms of repaym	ent.
Shares in controlled entities - at cost Less provision for diminution (600,000) (600,000) 603,823 335,540 - 90,234 603,823 425,774 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Office furniture and equipment - at cost Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - (7,314) Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - (3,433) Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Unquoted investments - at cost	-	90,234	-	90,234
603,823 335,540 - 90,234 603,823 425,774 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Office furniture and equipment - at cost Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942			-		1,203,823	935,540
The state of the		Less provision for diminution	-	-	(600,000)	(600,000)
10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Office furniture and equipment - at cost Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942			-	-	603,823	335,540
Office furniture and equipment - at cost Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942			-	90,234	603,823	425,774
Opening balance 79,753 37,661 79,753 37,661 Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942	10	. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Additions 49,051 42,092 49,051 42,092 Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Office furniture and equipment - at cost				
Plant and equipment written-off (7,314) - (7,314) - Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Opening balance	79,753	37,661	79,753	37,661
Closing balance 121,490 79,753 121,490 79,753 Accumulated depreciation 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Additions	49,051	42,092	49,051	42,092
Accumulated depreciation Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Plant and equipment written-off	(7,314)	_	(7,314)	-
Opening balance 25,942 13,506 25,942 13,506 Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Closing balance	121,490	79,753	121,490	79,753
Depreciation for the year 24,014 12,436 24,014 12,436 Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Accumulated depreciation				
Plant and equipment written-off (3,433) - (3,433) - Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Opening balance	25,942	13,506	25,942	13,506
Closing balance 46,523 25,942 46,523 25,942		Depreciation for the year	24,014	12,436	24,014	12,436
		Plant and equipment written-off	(3,433)	-	(3,433)	-
Net book value 74,967 53,811 74,967 53,811		Closing balance	46,523	25,942	46,523	25,942
		Net book value	74,967	53,811	74,967	53,811

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT ENTIT	
	2005 2004		2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
11. DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE				
Opening balance	3,892,450	3,036,213	4,194	307,219
Acquisition costs	-	79,023	-	-
Exploration expenditure incurred in current year	5,473,157	2,808,848	44,990	13,164
Exploration expenditure written-off	(181,165)	(54,238)	(43,408)	(23,790)
Carrying value of mineral tenements sold	-	(1,977,396)	-	(292,399)
Expenditure relating to controlled entity acquired	346,458	-	-	
_	9,530,900	3,892,450	5,776	4,194

The ultimate recoupment of deferred exploration expenditure carried forward is dependent upon the successful development and exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest at an amount greater than or equal to the carrying value.

CURRENT LIABILITIES

12. PAYABLES

Sundry creditors and accruals	769,250	793,305	769,250	793,305
	769,250	793,305	769,250	793,305
13. PROVISIONS				
Provision for employee entitlements	87,885	57,002	87,885	57,002
	87,885	57,002	87,885	57,002

The consolidated entity makes superannuation contributions in compliance with superannuation guarantee legislation. Superannuation contributions are made to complying funds nominated by each employee. The average number of employees of the parent entity during the financial year was 5 (2004: 4). An additional average number of 75 (2004: 65) employees were employed by a controlled entity operating in the Philippines.

NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

14. BORROWINGS

Unsecured loans – other corporations	322,846	322,846	-	_
	322,846	322,846	-	-

Loans due to other corporations are unsecured and interest free and are repayable six months after the occurrence of specified events, including shareholders funds of a controlled entity exceeding specified levels or commencement of gold production.

	CONSOLIDATED		PAR	ENT ENTITY
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
15. PROVISIONS				
Provision for employee entitlements	68,843	-	68,843	-
Provision for retirement benefits	120,000	80,000	120,000	80,000
	188,843	80,000	188,843	80,000
16. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (a) Share capital 251,688,948 (2004: 220,304,333) ordinary fully paid shares	28,981,632	23,434,632	28,981,632	23,434,632
	28,981,632	23,434,632	28,981,632	23,434,632
(b) Movements in ordinary share capital Opening balance 1 July 2004 Share placement Issue for technical and financial services	rendered		Shares 220,304,333 31,000,000 384,615	\$ 23,434,632 5,487,000 60,000
Balance 30 June 2005			251,688,948	28,981,632

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and proceeds on the winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(c) Movements in share options	Options
Opening balance 1 July 2004	59,526,020
Lapse of options	(57,526,020)
Balance 30 June 2005	2,000,000
As at 30 June 2005, the following options over ordinary fully paid shares were outstanding:	
	Options
- exercisable at 60 cents each on or before 31 December 2005	2,000,000

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

	CON	ISOLIDATED	PARENT ENTI	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
17. ACCUMULATED LOSSES				
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	11,290,845	11,130,035	10,991,904	10,584,018
Net loss attributable to members of the parent entity	1,150,803	801,400	1,082,781	1,048,476
Transfer from option premium reserve	-	(640,590)	-	(640,590)
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	12,441,648	11,290,845	12,074,685	10,991,904
18. OUTSIDE EQUITY INTERESTS				
Interest in:				
Share capital	268,283	-	-	-
Accumulated losses	(68,283)	-	-	-
	200,000	-	_	-
19. TOTAL EQUITY RECONCILIATION				
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	12,143,787	2,954,044	12,442,728	3,500,061
Total changes in equity recognised in the statement of financial performance	(1,150,803)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)
Transactions with owners as owners:				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs	5,547,000	9,991,143	5,547,000	9,991,143
Outside equity interests in controlled entity	200,000		-	-
Total equity at the end of the financial year	16,739,984	12,143,787	16,906,947	12,442,728

20. DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVE DISCLOSURES

Directors

The following persons were directors of Red 5 Limited during the financial year:

Executive directors

Gregory C Edwards – Managing Director

Allen L Govey - Exploration Director

Non-executive directors

Nicholas J Smith – Chairman

Colin G Jackson

Peter W Rowe (appointed on 22 October 2004)

Executives (other than directors) with the greatest authority for strategic direction and management

The strategic direction and management of the consolidated entity is administered and managed by the board of directors. There are no individuals (other than the directors) who are responsible for the strategic direction and management of the consolidated entity and consequently no individuals meet the definition of specified executive for the purposes of AASB 1046 - Director and Executive Disclosures by Disclosing Entities.

Remuneration report

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Executive remuneration

The parent entity's remuneration policy for executive directors and senior management is designed to promote superior performance and long term commitment. Remuneration packages are set at levels that are intended to attract and retain executives capable of managing the consolidated entity's Australian and overseas operations.

Executive remuneration and other terms of employment are reviewed annually having regard to performance, relevant comparative information and expert advice. The parent entity's reward policy aims to align executive's remuneration with shareholders' interests and to retain appropriately qualified personnel.

Non-executive directors remuneration

Shareholders approve the maximum aggregate remuneration for non-executive directors. The remuneration committee recommends the actual payments to directors and the Board is responsible for ratifying any recommendations. Non-executive directors are entitled to statutory superannuation benefits. The Chairman is entitled to a retirement allowance to a maximum of three years directors fees.

Non-executive directors may be entitled to participate in equity based remuneration schemes. All directors are entitled to have their indemnity insurance paid by the consolidated entity.

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Details of remuneration

Directors of Red 5 Limited

Primary		Post-employment		Equity	Other benefits		
	Salary and directors fees	Consulting fees	Superannuation	Retirement benefits	Options issued	Insurance premiums	Total
Name	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2005	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
G C Edwards	261,564	_	20,001	_	_	4,884	286,449
A L Govey	187,044	-	15,000	-	_	4,884	206,928
N J Smith	40,000	91,050	3,600	40,000	-	4,884	179,534
C G Jackson	25,000	117,150	2,250	-	_	4,884	149,284
PW Rowe	16,667	-	-	-	-	4,884	21,551
Total	530,275	208,200	40,851	40,000	-	24,420	843,746
2004							
G C Edwards	194,561	-	16,200	-	-	6,244	217,005
A L Govey	140,907	-	11,700	-	-	6,244	158,851
N J Smith	40,000	162,250	3,262	80,000	-	6,244	291,756
C G Jackson	14,583	37,600	750	-	-	6,243	59,176
Total	390,051	199,850	31,912	80,000	_	24,975	726,788

Share holdings

The numbers of shares in the parent entity held during the financial year by each director of the parent entity, including their personally-related entities, are set out below.

	Balance at the start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at the end of the year
G C Edwards	6,850,000	-	650,000	7,500,000
A L Govey	6,706,500	-	80,000	6,786,500
N J Smith	409,500	-	100,000	509,500
C G Jackson	225,000	-	-	225,000
PW Rowe	-	-	-	-

Other changes during the year comprise on-market purchases.

Option holdings

The numbers of options over fully paid shares in the parent entity held during the financial year by each director of the parent entity, including their personally-related entities, are set out below.

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year as remuneration	Exercised during the year	Other changes during the year	Balance at the end of the year	Vested and exercisable at the end of year
G C Edwards	1,712,500	-	-	(1,712,500)	-	-
A L Govey	1,676,625	-	-	(1,676,625)	-	-
N J Smith	4,102,375	-	-	(2,102,375)	2,000,000	2,000,000
C G Jackson	56,250	-	-	(56,250)	-	-
PW Rowe	-	-	-	-	-	-

Other changes during the year comprise the expiry of listed and unlisted options.

Other transactions with directors

Other than as disclosed above, there were no specific transactions during the year between the consolidated entity and directors or their director-related entities.

	CONS	OLIDATED	PARE	NT ENTITY
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
21. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS				
Amounts paid or due and payable to the auditors for:				
Auditing the financial reports	22,097	21,055	22,097	21,055
Other assurance related services	-	1,700	-	1,700
Taxation advisory services	11,000	-	11,000	_
	33,097	22,755	33,097	22,755
22. EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS				
(a) Commitments in relation to non-cancell leases are payable as follows:	able operating			
- not later than one year	60,849	27,000	60,849	27,000
	60,849	27,000	60,849	27,000

⁽b) The consolidated entity appointed N M Rothschild & Sons (Australia) Limited as exclusive financial adviser and arranger for the development of the Siana project, for an initial period of 10 months commencing in December 2004. As at balance date, outstanding commitments under the engagement amounted to \$105,000, which is payable in cash and shares in the parent entity.

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

COI	NSOLIDATED	D PARENT ENTITY		
2005	2004	2005	2004	
\$	\$	\$	\$	

23. AMOUNTS PAYABLE/RECEIVABLE IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Australian dollar equivalents of unhedged amounts payable or receivable in foreign currencies, calculated at year end exchange rates:

Amounts payable

United States dollars

- current	220,663	552,123	220,663	552,123
	220,663	552,123	220,663	552,123

24. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The operations of the consolidated entity are located within Australia, the Philippines and Central Asia (the primary reportable segment) and it is involved in mineral exploration and evaluation activities on mining tenements (the secondary reportable segment).

Geographical segments	Australia	Philippines	Central Asia	Consolidated
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2005				
Segment revenue and expenses				
Revenue from ordinary activities	473,281	-	-	473,281
Revenue from other activities	71,768	-	-	71,768
Total segment revenue	545,049	_	_	545,049
Depreciation expenses	24,014	-	-	24,014
Exploration expenditure written-off	14,103	-	167,062	181,165
Acquisition of plant and equipment	49,051	_	_	49,051
Segment result	(1,058,775)	6,751	(167,062)	(1,219,086)
Income tax expense		-	-	_
Net loss	(1,058,775)	6,751	(167,062)	(1,219,086)
Segment assets	8,534,594	9,173,953	400,261	18,108,808
Segment liabilities	697,947	592,440	78,437	1,368,824
Net cash flow from operating activities	(613,520)	_	-	(613,520)

	Australia \$	Philippines	Central Asia \$	Consolidated \$
30 June 2004				
Segment revenue and expenses				
Revenue from ordinary activities	250,154	-	-	250,154
Revenue from other activities	2,065,000	-	-	2,065,000
Total segment revenue	2,315,154	-	_	2,315,154
Depreciation expenses	12,436	-	-	12,436
Exploration expenditure written-off	54,238	-	_	54,238
Acquisition of plant and equipment	42,092	-	_	42,092
Segment result	(803,497)	2,097	-	(801,400)
Income tax expense	-	-	-	_
Net loss	(803,497)	2,097	_	(801,400)
Segment assets	9,445,958	3,950,982	-	13,396,940
Segment liabilities	709,675	543,478	-	1,253,153
Net cash flow from operating activities	(632,308)	-	_	(632,308)

25. RELATED PARTIES

Transactions with related parties in the wholly owned group

During the financial year, unsecured loan advances were made between the parent entity and its controlled entities. All such loans were interest free. Loan balances between the parent entity and its controlled entities are disclosed in the financial report of the parent entity. Intra-entity loan balances have been eliminated in the financial report of the consolidated entity. The ownership interests in related parties in the wholly owned group are set out in Note 27.

Other transactions with directors and specified executives are set out in Note 20.

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Credit risk exposure

Credit risk relates to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the consolidated entity. The exposure of the consolidated entity to credit risk at balance date in relation to each class of recognised financial asset is the carrying amount of the assets as indicated in the statement of financial position.

b) Net fair values

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying values as indicated in the statement of financial position.

(c) Interest rate risk exposure

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The exposure of the consolidated entity to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate for classes of financial assets and liabilities is set out below.

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

	Note	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest maturing in: 1 year or less	Non-interest bearing	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2005					
Financial assets					
Cash assets	5	193,811	7,078,503	461	7,272,775
Receivables	6	-	-	99,744	99,744
Other financial assets	7, 9	-	-	1,130,422	1,130,422
	_	193,811	7,078,503	1,230,627	8,502,941
Weighted average intere	st rate	2.43%	5.70%		
Financial liabilities					
Payables	12	-	-	769,250	769,250
Provisions	13, 15	-	-	276,728	276,728
Borrowings	14	-	-	322,846	322,846
	_	-	-	1,368,824	1,368,824
30 June 2004					
Financial assets					
Cash assets	5	988,476	7,108,359	200	8,097,035
Receivables	6	-	-	58,410	58,410
Other financial assets	7, 9	-	-	1,295,234	1,295,234
	_	988,476	7,108,359	1,353,844	9,450,679
Weighted average intere	st rate	4.14%	5.36%		
Financial liabilities					
Payables	12	-	-	793,305	793,305
Provisions	13, 15	-	-	137,002	137,002
Borrowings	14	-	-	322,846	322,846
	_	-	-	1,253,153	1,253,153

27. INVESTMENTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

			Equity holding	
Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	2005 %	2004 %
Asia Gold Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	50	-
Bremer Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Estuary Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Greenstone Resources (WA) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Oakborough Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Opus Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Red 5 Philippines Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Bremer Binaliw Corporation	Philippines	Ordinary	100	100
Greenstone Resources Corporation	Philippines	Ordinary	100	100

Bremer Binaliw Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary company of Bremer Resources Pty Ltd. Red 5 Philippines Pty Ltd changed its name from Opus Asia (Philippines) Pty Ltd on 28 April 2005.

Acquisition of controlled entity

The parent entity entered into a subscription agreement to acquire a 50% shareholding in Asia Gold Limited, which is a private company incorporated in the United Kingdom, by contributing \$268,283 (US\$200,000) in share capital subscriptions. Asia Gold Limited became a partly owned controlled entity in October 2004 following the allotment of shares to the parent entity. As at balance date, the balance of contributions to be made under the subscription agreement amounted to \$78,437. Details of the acquisition are as follows:

	2005
	\$
Fair value of identifiable net assets of controlled entity acquired	
Cash assets	261
Deferred exploration expenditure	536,305
Net assets	536,566
Less outside equity interests	(268,283)
Consideration	268,283
Outflow of cash to acquire controlled entity, net of cash acquired	
Cash consideration paid during current year ¹	189,846
Deferred cash consideration	78,437
Less cash acquired	(261)
	268,022

¹ Cash consideration is included in deferred exploration expenditure (Note 11) as exploration expenditure incurred in current year.

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Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Disposal of controlled entity

In the previous financial year, the parent entity disposed of its 100% interest in Opus Exploration Pty Ltd for a consideration of \$1,700,000 comprising \$500,000 in cash and the issue of 9,132,420 quoted shares in the purchaser (at a nominal value of 13.1 cents each). Contribution to the net loss of the consolidated entity from the loss of control of the controlled entity in the year ended 30 June 2004 was a profit of \$15,003.

	2005	2004
	\$	\$
Fair value of identifiable net assets of controlled entity disposed of Cash assets	-	-
Deferred exploration expenditure	-	1,684,997
	-	1,684,997
Less consideration	-	1,700,000
Profit on disposal of controlled entity	-	15,003
Inflow of cash on disposal of controlled entity, net of cash disposed of Cash consideration	_	500.000
Cash disposed of	-	-
Inflow of cash	-	500,000

28. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO OPERATING LOSS AFTER INCOMETAX

	CONSOLIDATED		PARE	ENT ENTITY
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(613,520)	(632,308)	(613,520)	(632,308)
Depreciation	(24,014)	(12,436)	(24,014)	(12,436)
Exploration expenditure written-off	(181,165)	(54,238)	(43,408)	(23,790)
Loss on sale of controlled entity	-	-	-	(232,073)
Profit on sale of investments	71,768	-	71,768	-
Profit on sale of mineral tenements	-	82,604	-	67,601
Plant and equipment written-off	(3,881)	-	(3,881)	-
Provision for diminution in investments	(361,255)	-	(361,255)	-
Provision for non-recovery of loans	-	-	(1,452)	(30,448)

	CONSOLIDATED		PAR	ENT ENTITY
	2005	2005 2004 2005	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	13,032	(15,576)	13,032	(15,576)
Increase/(decrease) other operating assets	-	498,563	-	498,563
(Increase)/decrease in payables	19,675	(562,079)	19,675	(562,079)
(Increase)/decrease in provisions	(139,726)	(105,930)	(139,726)	(105,930)
Operating loss after income tax	(1,219,086)	(801,400)	(1,082,781)	(1,048,476)

29. NON CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Issue of shares for technical and financial advisory services	60,000	-	60,000	-
Issue of shares as consideration for the sale of controlled entity	-	1,200,000	-	1,200,000
	60,000	1,200,000	60,000	1,200,000

30. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue used in the calculation of basic earnings per share

241,644,270 183,015,075

No dilutive potential ordinary shares existed as at balance date, therefore diluted earning per share has not been calculated or disclosed.

The following movements in ordinary shares and options occurred subsequent to balance date:

- issue of 16,829,865 shares for the purchase of an additional beneficial interest in the Siana project and related land access rights.
- issue of 384,615 shares for technical and financial advisory services.

31. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- (a) In August 2005, the consolidated entity exercised its pre-emptive rights to acquire an additional 10% beneficial interest in the Siana project and a 50% share of land access rights for the project area, for a consideration of \$2,171,052 (US\$1,650,000), which was satisfied by the issue of 16,829,865 fully paid shares in the parent entity.
- (b) In September 2005, the consolidated entity disposed of its shareholding in Range River Resources Limited for aggregate sale proceeds of \$875,239. The carrying value of the investment as at 30 June 2005 was \$860,014.

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

32. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for application to reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The AASB has issued Australian equivalents to IFRS (AIFRS) and the Urgent Issues Group has issued interpretations corresponding to IASB interpretations originated by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee. The adoption of AIFRS will be first reflected in the financial statements of the consolidated entity for the half-year ending 31 December 2005 and the year ending 30 June 2006.

Entities complying with AIFRS for the first time will be required to restate their comparative financial statements to amounts reflecting the application of AIFRS to that comparative period. Most adjustments required on transition to AIFRS will be made, retrospectively, against opening retained earnings as at 1 July 2004.

The consolidated entity has performed a review to analyse key financial reporting differences and has commenced planning for the transition of its accounting policies and financial reporting from current Australian Accounting Standards to AIFRS. External specialist consultants may be engaged to further assist in the transition.

Accounting policy changes that will be required have been identified. In some cases choices of accounting policies are available, including elective exemptions under Accounting Standard AASB 1 First-time Adoption of Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards. These choices are being analysed to determine the most appropriate accounting policy for the consolidated entity.

The known or reliably estimable impacts on the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2005 had it been prepared using AIFRS from 1 July 2004 are set out below.

The adjustments disclosed in this note are management's best estimates based on current knowledge of expected standards and interpretations and current facts and circumstances. The actual effects of transition to AIFRS may differ from the estimates disclosed due to (a) ongoing work being undertaken by management; (b) potential amendments to AIFRS's and interpretations thereof being issued by the standard setters and IFRIC; and (c) emerging accepted practice in the interpretation and application of AIFRS and UIG interpretations.

Notes explaining the impacts on the statements of financial performance and statements of financial position

(a) Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources

AASB6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, was released in December 2004. The standard permits an entity to continue following its existing accounting policies for the treatment of exploration and evaluation expenditures, which for the consolidated entity embodies the principles of "areas of interest" accounting. Consequently, the consolidated entity does not anticipate any impact in relation to exploration and evaluation costs upon transitioning to AIFRS.

(b) Provision for rehabilitation and decommissioning costs

Under AASB 137 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets,* the consolidated entity is required to recognise the full provision for rehabilitation, based on discounted future cash flows, at the date of transition to AIFRS. A corresponding rehabilitation asset will be created as at the date of transition. This asset will be depreciated using the units of production basis over the life of the mine to which the future rehabilitation and decommissioning work relates. There is no impact on the consolidated results for the year ended 30 June 2005 as the consolidated entity's mineral projects are in an exploration and evaluation phase.

(c) Foreign currency – financial statements of foreign operations

Under current Australian GAAP, the assets and liabilities of self-sustaining foreign operations are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at reporting date. Equity items are reported at historical rates. The statements of financial performance are translated at the weighted average rate for the year. Exchange differences arising on translation are currently recognised as part of retained earnings.

Under AIFRS, each entity in the consolidated entity determines its functional currency, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, reflecting the underlying transactions, events and conditions that are relevant to the entity. The entity maintains its books and records in its functional currency.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on consolidation, are translated from the entity's functional currency to the consolidated entity's presentation currency of Australian dollars at foreign exchange rates ruling at reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Australian dollars at the exchange rates approximating the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised directly in a separate component of equity.

There is no impact of this change in policy on the consolidated results for the year ended 30 June 2005.

(d) Income tax

Under AASB 112 *Income Taxes*, deferred tax balances are determined using the balance sheet method which calculates temporary differences based on the carrying amounts of an entity's assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their associated tax bases. In addition, current and deferred taxes attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

This will result in a change to the current accounting policy, under which deferred tax balances are determined using the income statement method, items are only tax effected if they are included in the determination of pre-tax accounting profit or loss and/or taxable income or loss and current and deferred taxes cannot be recognised directly in equity.

As deferred tax balances are not currently recognised, there is no financial impact on transition, being 1 July 2004, and as at 30 June 2005 for both the parent entity and the consolidated entity.

In addition, to the extent that the tax effect of transaction costs on previous share issues were recognised, these would have been recognised directly in equity, resulting in a decrease in retained earnings and an increase in contributed equity in the consolidated and parent entity financial statements. The impact of this difference for the consolidated and parent entity is nil, as deferred tax assets are not currently recognised.

(e) Equity-based compensation benefits

Under AASB 2 *Share-based Payments*, from 1 July 2004 equity-based compensation to employees will be recognised as an expense in respect of the services received. This will result in a change to the current accounting policy, under which no expense is recognised for equity-based compensation.

If the policy required by AASB 2 had been applied during the year ended 30 June 2005, there would be no financial impact on the financial statements of the parent entity or the consolidated entity, as no equity-based compensation was issued or vested during the period.

(f) Impairment of assets

Impairment testing required by AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets* is to be performed at an individual level with strict tests for determining whether assets have been impaired. If impairment testing at an individual asset level is not possible, the entity is then required to test for impairment at the cash generating unit level. Assets are only tested for impairment where an impairment trigger has occurred other than goodwill which is tested annually for impairment.

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Recoverable amount under AASB 136 is the higher of net selling price and value in use. The methodology for impairment testing under AIFRS is more prescriptive and there is therefore a greater likelihood of an impairment arising. This will result in a change in the consolidated entity's current accounting policy, which determines the recoverable amount of an asset on the basis of undiscounted cash flows for groups of assets.

Assets may be considered impaired in one reporting period and not in subsequent periods. This may make the accounting income appear volatile because an impairment charge may be recorded in one reporting period and not in others. Impairment reversals (up to amortised cost) are taken through profit and loss.

It is not anticipated that AASB 136 will have a material impact on the financial statements of the parent entity or the consolidated entity.

(g) Financial instruments

The consolidated entity will be taking advantage of the exemption available under AASB 1 to apply AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation* and AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* only from 1 July 2005. This allows the consolidated entity to apply previous Australian generally accepted accounting principles (Australian GAAP) to the comparative information of financial instruments within the scope of AASB 132 and AASB 139 for the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2006.

AASB 139 also introduces the concept of embedded derivatives and requires the identification, recognition and measurement of derivatives embedded within contracts that a company may enter. Embedded derivatives are required to be measured at fair value and movements reported in the Statement of Financial Performance. The consolidated entity is reviewing its contracts to determine whether such embedded derivatives exist.

Declaration by Directors

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

The Board of Directors of Red 5 Limited declares that:

- (a) the financial statements and associated notes comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- (b) the financial statements and associated notes give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2005 and performance of the parent entity and the consolidated entity for the financial year ended on that date;
- (c) at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the parent entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The consolidated financial report has been made out in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001.

The Board of Directors has received the declaration by the managing director and chief financial officer required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

N J Smith

Chairman

Perth, Western Australia

28 September 2005

Independent Audit Report

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Independent audit report to members of Red 5 Limited

Scope

The financial report and directors' responsibility

The financial report comprises the statement of financial position, statement of financial performance, statement of cash flows, accompanying notes to the financial statements, and the directors' declaration for both Red 5 Limited (the "Company") and the consolidated entity, for the year ended 30 June 2005. The consolidated entity comprises both the Company and the entities it controlled during that year.

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report.

Audit approach

We conducted an independent audit in order to express an opinion to the members of the Company. Our audit was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards in order to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement. The nature of an audit is influenced by factors such as the use of professional judgement, selective testing, the inherent limitations of internal control, and the availability of persuasive rather than conclusive evidence. Therefore, an audit cannot guarantee that all material misstatements have been detected.

We performed procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia, a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's and the consolidated entity's financial position, and of their performance as represented by the results of their operations and cash flows.

We formed our audit opinion on the basis of these procedures, which included:

- examining, on a test basis, information to provide evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial report, and
- assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policies and disclosures used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors.

While we considered the effectiveness of management's internal controls over financial reporting when determining the nature and extent of our procedures, our audit was not designed to provide assurance on internal controls.

Audit opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of Red 5 Limited is in accordance with:

- (a) the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2005 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Accounting Standards in Australia and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia.

KPMG

B C FULLARTON

Partner

Perth.

28 September 2005

Corporate Governance Statement

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Good corporate governance will evolve with the changing circumstances of a company and must be tailored to meet these circumstances. Red 5 is a junior exploration company and currently operates with limited permanent staff, relying on specialist consultants and casual field staff to assist in the implementation of exploration programmes.

The Company's Board and management are committed to a high standard of corporate governance practices. At this stage of the Company's corporate development, implementation of the ASX Corporate Governance Council ten core principles, whilst wholeheartedly supported, is not practical in every instance given the modest size and relative simplicity of the business. Copies of relevant corporate governance policies are available on the Company's web-site.

Details of the current and evolving corporate governance practices are identified below.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Role of the Board

The Board has the responsibility of protecting the rights and interests of shareholders and enhancement of long-term shareholder value. The Board charter states that the Board is responsible for:

- the corporate governance of the Company;
- the overall strategic direction and leadership of the Company;
- · approving and monitoring management implementation of objectives and strategies; and
- reviewing performance against stated objectives by receiving regular management reports on the business situation, opportunities and risks.

Structure of the Board

The Company has a five member Board comprising two executive directors and three non-executive directors, including the Chairman. The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are not combined. The two executive directors spend considerable time in the Philippines. Messrs Edwards and Govey are not considered independent by virtue of their executive roles in the Company, neither are Mr Smith or Mr Jackson by virtue of financial remuneration during the year. Mr Rowe represents the Company's major shareholder and is therefore deemed not to be independent.

Board members should possess complementary business disciplines and experience aligned with the Company's objectives. The experience and qualifications of directors are noted in the Directors' Report.

Where any director has a material personal interest in a matter, the director is not permitted to be present during discussions or to vote on the matter. The enforcement of this requirement ensures that the interest of shareholders, as a whole, are pursued and not jeopardised by a lack of a majority of independent directors.

Financial materiality thresholds used in the assessment of independence are set at 5% of the annual gross expenditure of the Company and/or 25% of the annual income or business turnover of the director.

Having regard to the structure of the Board and of executive management, it is considered appropriate by the Board to effectively utilise the Chairman's skills as a consultant to provide crucial peer review of the corporate, legal and commercial aspects of the Company's operations.

Issues of substance are considered by the Board with external advice from its professional advisers as required. The Board's individual members can seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense in carrying out their duties. Prior written approval of the Chairman is required, but will not be unreasonably withheld.

Corporate Governance Statement

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

The audit committee comprises the three non-executive directors of the Company and the remuneration committee comprises Mr Jackson and Mr Smith, with Mr Jackson being the chairman of both committees.

The Company will give consideration at an appropriate juncture in the Company's development, for the creation of a nomination committee. The current size of the full Board permits it to act as the nomination committee and to regularly review membership.

The Board has recently introduced a formal process for an annual self assessment of its collective performance, the performance of individual directors and of Board committees. No formal assessment was undertaken during the year ended 30 June 2005.

AUDIT PROCESSES AND POLICIES

The Board is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control and appropriate ethical standards for the management of the Company.

An audit committee has been established whose responsibilities include:

- reviewing and approving statutory financial reports and all other financial information distributed externally;
- monitoring the effective operation of the risk management and compliance framework;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's internal control environment including compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- the nomination of the external auditors and the review of the adequacy of the existing external audit arrangements; and
- considering whether non-audit services provided by the external auditor are consistent with maintaining the external auditor's independence.

The minutes of all committee meetings are circulated to all directors.

The external auditor, KPMG, has engagement terms refreshed annually and have indicated their independence to the Board. KPMG were appointed as auditors in 1998. The current engagement partner has conducted the audit since 2003 with rotation due no later than 2008.

SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The audit committee is responsible for reviewing and reporting to the Board on the Company's financial reports and external audit processes. The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer provide a certification to the Board on the integrity of the Company's external financial reports.

The Board does not specifically require an additional certification that the financial statements are founded on sound risk management systems and that compliance and control systems are operating efficiently and effectively.

The Board considers that risk management and internal compliance and control systems are sufficiently robust for the Board to place reliance on the integrity of the financial statements without the need for an additional certification by management.

RESPECTTHE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS AND STAKEHOLDERS

The Board has adopted communications strategies and practices to promote communication with shareholders, in language capable of interpretation, and to encourage effective participation at general meetings. The external auditor will attend the meeting to respond to specific questions from shareholders. The Board has also established a code of conduct to guide compliance with the legitimate interests of all stakeholders.

TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURES

The Board supports the Australasian Investor Relations Association "Best Practice Guidelines for Communication between Listed Entities and the Investment Community". The Board endorses a culture in favour of continuous disclosure and recognises the benefits of consistency to be achieved through a dedicated communications officer and authorised spokesperson.

This is complemented by the National Investor Relations Institute (USA) "Code of Ethics" which amongst other elements demands the timely communication of information, whether favourable or unfavourable to the Company.

Material information is lodged immediately with the ASX and then disseminated by posting to the website. Shareholders, potential investors and interested parties can avail themselves of an email alert facility. A strict protocol is practiced for all investor/analyst/media meetings, group briefings and conference calls.

DEALINGS IN COMPANY SHARES.

The Board's sharetrading policy prohibits the purchase or disposal of shares by directors, officers and employees in the period of 2 to 4 weeks prior to the release of quarterly reports, half year and full year results and for 48 hours thereafter.

Directors, officers and employees with any non-public, price sensitive information are prohibited from purchasing or disposing of Company shares, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors must also advise the Company of any transactions conducted by them in the shares of the Company.

REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

The remuneration committee operates in accordance with a formal written charter. The committee advises the Board on remuneration and incentive policies and practices generally and makes specific recommendations in relation to compensation arrangements for executive and non-executive directors and in respect of all equity based remuneration plans.

Details of the Company's remuneration policies are set out in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report

Statement of Shareholders

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

The following information was reflected in the records of the Company as at 28 September 2005.

Distribution of share and option holders	Number of holders			Number of h	of holders
	Fully paid shares	Unlisted options			
1 - 1,000	25	-			
1,001 - 5,000	101	-			
5,001 - 10,000	213	-			
10,001 - 100,000	909	-			
100,001 and over	293	2			
	1,541	2			
Including less than a marketable parcel	70				

Classes of shares and voting rights

At meetings of members or classes of members, each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy or attorney. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote, and on a poll, every person present in person or by proxy has one vote for each ordinary share held.

Substantial shareholders

The following shareholders have lodged a notice of substantial shareholding in the Company.

Shareholder	Number of shares	%
AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited	37,833,945	14.07
Mathews Capital Partners – Sabre Fund	15,507,964	5.77
Twenty largest holders of fully paid shares		
Shareholder	Shares	%
1. AngloGold Ashanti Australia Limited	37,833,945	14.07
2. ANZ Nominees Limited	14,270,599	5.31
3. Abbotsleigh Pty Ltd	11,220,000	4.17
4. Merrill Crowe Corporation	8,975,928	3.34
5. Ariki Investments Pty Ltd	7,085,030	2.63
6. Allen Lance Govey	6,135,000	2.28
7. Gregory Charles Edwards	6,105,000	2.27
8. Bruce Neville Tomich (Tomich Family Fund Account)	5,854,000	2.18
9. Breamlea Pty Ltd	5,000,000	1.86
10. Mark Kennard Connell	5,000,000	1.86
11. Berne No. 132 Nominees Pty Ltd (325489 Account)	4,335,000	1.61
12. Berne No. 132 Nominees Pty Ltd (323731 Account)	3,953,000	1.47
13. Bryan Welch	3,600,000	1.34
14. Jeffrey Brookman & Barbara Brookman	3,000,000	1.11
15. Halb Nominees Limited	2,830,000	1.05
16. HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	2,500,000	0.93
17. Berne No. 132 Nominees Pty Ltd (323723 Account)	2,169,992	0.81
18. RBC Global Services Australia Nominees Pty Ltd	2,087,937	0.78
19. Bruce Neville Tomich	1,500,000	0.56
20. Chin Chu Tomich	1,500,000	0.56
	134,955,431	50.19

Unquoted securities

The following classes of unquoted equity securities are on issue:

	Exercise	Number on issue	Holders of greater than 20% of each class of security		
Security	price		Name of holder	Number	%
Options over fully paid exercisable on or befo					
31 December 2005	60 cents	2,000,000	Nicholas James Smith	1,000,000	50.00
			Gandalf Holdings Pty Ltd	1,000,000	50.00

Share Price Movements

Share price ranges on the Australian Stock Exchange during the 2004-2005 year were:

Quarter Ended	High (cents)	Low (cents)	
September 2004	14.0	12.0	
December 2004	18.5	13.0	
March 2005	16.5	11.0	
June 2005	12.0	8.0	

The closing share price on 30 June 2005 and on the date of this report was 12.0 cents (11.5 cents 2004) and 12.5 cents (13.5 cents 2004) respectively.

Announcements

The Company makes both statutory announcements (Activities or quarterly reports, financial reports, Appendix 5B cash statements, changes to Directors interests) and specific announcements under Continuous Disclosure provisions on a timely basis. Significant announcements made during the year include:

Date	Announcement	
9/7/2004	Bigger widths higher grades at Siana	
23/7/2004	Perimeter drill results	
26/7/2004	June 2004 Quarterly Report	
3/8/2004	Siana – Drilling Results	
23/8/2004	Change of Directors' Interest	
21/9/2004	Eastern Drilling – First Results	
28/9/2005	Financial Report Year Ended	
	30 June 2004	
5/10/2004	Pre-feasibility study commences	
11/10/2004	AngloGold – Strategic Alliance, Placement and JV Arrangements	
22/10/2004	Completion of AngloGold Placement	
28/10/2004	September 2004 Quarterly Report	
29/10/2004	Completion of Rights Issue	
18/11/2004	In-pit resource extensions at Siana	
24/11/2004	Further Main Zone intersections	
2/12/2004	Supreme Court FTAA Valid Decision	
7/12/2004	Feasibility Study Team – Rothschild	
	appointment	
13/12/2004	Asia Gold Limited	
24/1/2005	Siana Pre-feasibility Study – Resource Estimate	
31/1/2005	December 2004 Quarterly Report	
25/2/2005	Siana Pre-Feasibility Study	
	- Drill Results & Progress	
14/3/2005	Half Year Financial Accounts	
29/4/2005	March 2005 Quarterly Report	
7/6/2005	Siana Feasibility –progress report	
22/6/2005	AGC Gold Prospects Investors' Day	
27/6/2005	Shareholder Newsletter	
29/7/2005	June 2005 Quarterly Report	
12/8/2005	Mathews Capital becomes substantial shareholder	
22/8/2005	Increase in Siana project interest and First Metro alliance	
26/8/2005	AngloGold Ashanti increased shareholding	

Investor Relations

This Annual report has been produced with the objective of ensuring that shareholders are informed on Company strategy and performance sufficient to make or retain an investment in the Company.

Announcements, statutory reports and the latest information on the Companyis projects are available on the Red 5 Limited website: www.red5limited.com

Financial institutions, stockbrokers and other nonshareholder entities requiring copies of this report, Activities Reports and other corporate information should contact the Directors at:

Red 5 Limited Level 2, 35 Ventnor Avenue West Perth 6005 Western Australia Australia Phone +61 8 9322 4455 Facsimile +61 8 9481 5950

Shareholder Enquiries

Enquiries relating to shareholding, tax file number and notification of change of address should be directed to:

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway Applecross WA 6153

Telephone: (61 8) 9315 2333 Facsimile: (61 8) 9315 2233

E-mail: registrar@securitytransfer.com.au

Tenement Directory

Red 5 Limited and Controlled Entities

Tenement directory

Project	Tenement number	Beneficial interest or joint venture details	
Philippines			
Siana gold project	MPSA 184-2002-XIII	90% beneficial interest	
	APSA 46-XIII	Right to earn an 80% interest	
	APSA 30-XIII (Mapawa)	Right to earn an 80% interest	
Western Australia			
Rabbit Well	EL69/1936	100%	
Montague	ELA57/561	25% free carried	
	ML57/429, ML57/485	25% free carried	

Abbreviations

EL Exploration Licence

ELA Exploration Licence Application

ML Mining Lease

MPSA Mineral Production Sharing Agreement

APSA Application for MPSA

Corporate Directory

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Nicholas J Smith (Chairman) Gregory C Edwards (Managing Director) Allen L Govey (Exploration Director) Colin G Jackson (Non-executive Director) Peter W Rowe (Non-executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Frank J Campagna

REGISTERED OFFICE

35 Ventnor Avenue West
Perth Western Australia 6005
Telephone: (61 8) 9322 4455
Facsimile: (61 8) 9481 5950
E-mail: info@red5limited.com
Web-site: www.red5limited.com

SHARE REGISTRY

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway Applecross WA 6153 Telephone:(61 8) 9315 2333

Facsimile: (61 8) 9315 2233

E-mail: registrar@securitytransfer.com.au

BANKERS

Bank of New Zealand, Australia

AUDITORS

KPMG

SOLICITORS

Pullinger Readhead Lucas

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Shares in Red 5 Limited are quoted on Australian Stock Exchange Limited. ASX code: RED



